THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 152

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

TO ADVERTISERS AND PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.

We take pleasure in announcing to the advertising patrons of the APPEAL a reduction in our rates of advertising. We make this reduction in justice to the general advertiser, who has heretofore been taxed disproportionately to the large ones.

After about one year's effort to bring the APPEAL back to its old position as the leading and most widely circulated paper in the State, we have succeeded.

We feel justified in saying, that so far as circulation is concerned, there is no better advertising medium in the city or State. We call attention to our terms for advertising. They have been adopted by us without consulting any other journal; and they will not be departed from. They are now no higher than those of the journals of Louisville, lower than those of New Orleans; and as low as is compatible with the existence of a respectable newspaper in Memphis.

Rates of Advertising of the Memphis Appeal.

Space	First Insertion	Two Insertions	One Week	Two Weeks	One Month
5 lines	$ 50	$ 75	$1 00	$1 75	$2 25
6 "	60	90	1 20	2 10	3 00
7 "	70	1 05	1 40	2 45	3 75
8 "	80	1 20	1 60	2 80	4 25
9 "	90	1 35	1 80	3 15	5 00
10 "	1 00	1 50	2 00	3 50	5 50
11 "	1 10	1 65	2 20	3 85	6 00
12 "	1 20	1 80	2 40	4 20	6 50
13 "	1 30	1 95	2 60	4 55	7 00
14 "	1 40	2 10	2 80	4 90	8 25
15 "	1 50	2 25	3 00	5 25	8 00
28 "	2 00	3 00	4 00	7 00	11 00

On advertisements for *three* months or more, ten per cent. will be deducted from the above rates.

Advertisements to occupy fixed places, will be charged fifty per cent. over regular rates.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged twenty per cent. on regular rates.

Notices in Brevier, Twenty cents per line.

Advertisements in WEEKLY, one dollar per square for each insertion.

All advertisements, except for established business houses, with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

Marriage and Death notices, fifty cents. Charitable and Religious notices, ten cents per line.

All bills due on first insertion of advertisement. All bills with regular advertisers to be rendered monthly.

By the system now adopted, and from which the APPEAL will in no case depart, we shall be able to advertise lower for prompt men, and not to tax them with the losses which newspaper publishers generally suffer by advertising on credit.

Political notices must hereafter be paid for: and all special notices will be charged for at the regular price, except when they are strictly voluntary and complimentary.

Communications of a Personal nature will be charged for at the same rates as local notices.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

DIRECTORY
Of First Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

Mercer, Ware & Talley, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, No. 194 Main street.

Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware, 323 Main street.

German National Bank, No. 293 Main street.

Gayoso Savings Institute, 1 Madison st.

H. J. Lanier, President.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 39 Madison.

H. A. Littleton & Co., Insurance Agency, No. 21 Madison street.

J. Sonnhilger, Optician and Jeweler, 234 Main street.

J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

Mansfield & Higbee, Druggists, 301 and 303 Main st., Memphis.

McMahon & Otis, St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Co. Agency, 43 Madison street.

M'Caffery & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 second street.

M. J. Rosel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, No. 358 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Parice, Bethea & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe st. east.

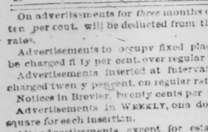
Robeson, Sneed & Co., Fashionable Clothiers, 305 Main street.

R. A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 11 Main st. street.

Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.



HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M. 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th September,	1867.
1st Rhesvan, 30th October,	"
1st Kisleu, 29th November,	"
1st Tebeth, 29th December,	"
1st Shebat, 28th January,	1868.
1st Adar, 29th February,	"
1st Nisan, 30th March,	"
1st Eyar, 29d April,	"
1st Sivan, 29d May,	"
1st Tammuz, 28st June,	"
1st Ab, 29th July,	"
1st Elul, 29th August,	"
Ash Wednesday, 26th February,	1868.
Maunday Thursday, 9th April,	"
Good Friday, 10th April,	"
Easter Sunday, 12th April,	"
Ascension, 21st May,	"
Pentecost, 31st May,	"
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.	

jal9 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. —A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Allulie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 290. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. F. M. Stanley, W. M; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KNOWNOTHING, No. 341 (D. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. George Mellersh, 33d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

S. AND R. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 8. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.
204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 15th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; —— Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; N. T. Johnson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Citrate 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Wood, Rec.·.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.

R. P. WALT & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec18 tf

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding and Stair Material, Building and Framing Lumber of all kinds, seasoned Oak and Walnut, clear. Planing and surfacing all sizes of Lumber out of winds. Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning and House-work generally. All orders promptly attended to. Prices reduced. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec15

SMITH & DUNNING,
SHIPPING & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NO. 65 SOUTH STREET,
JAMES SMITH, } NEW YORK.
HENRY DUNNING, }
CHARLES OSGOOD. }

Represented by Colonel J. A. BRIGHAM, Memphis, Tenn. dec29 tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ISHAM C. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE IN BETHELL BLOCK, CORNER OF South Court and Main streets, Memphis, Tennessee. jan29 tf

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street
CLAY BUILDING.
apl nov22 ja25 dawly

Dr. C. B. NORRIS,
OCULIST.
Cures all Kinds of Sore Eyes.
Office in Bethell Block, up-stairs. Entrance on Main street. jan1mw

R. A. SANFORD. SAM'L TOOLE. S. E. GAMMON.
SANFORD, TOOLE & GAMMON,
Attorneys at Law,
237 Main Street, Memphis,
ja22 1m UP STAIRS.

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE F. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, M'KISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kil Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.
nov3 tf

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,
DENTISTS,
HAVE removed their office to their old stand, over Dr. Ely's Drug Store, No. 305, Main street. dec6 tf

Harris & Smith,
DENTISTS,
No. 217 Corner Second and ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. S. HARRIS. C. SMITH.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 17 Third Story, Titus Block. nov8

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, ROBERT A. HATCHER.
Late of Gallatin, Tenn. Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 tf

Architect and Engineer.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.
OFFICE—Stillman Block Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.
J. H. MCCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

JOHN K. WINCHELL,
ARCHITECT
16 Madison Street—Room 12
PLANS and specifications for all descriptions of private and public buildings furnished on short notice.
Remodelling old buildings also attended to. Specimens of work can be seen at the office as above. All kinds of building operations superintended in person. nov20 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED
BAVARIAN BITTERS,
The best Bitters in the Market as a
TONIC AND APPETIZER.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
273 Front Row.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Imported and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS
Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,
No. 273 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Always on hand,
Old Bourbon & [illegible]
Also, the Celebrated
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
oct2.

Just Received!
10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.
2 quarter pipes "Pelly nisin" Brandy.
We have also a large and choice stock of
Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
au25 273 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS,
IMPORTER
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
jan23 tf

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.
NATHAN BRO,'S & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
RHENISH & FRENCH WINES.
LIQUORS,
Foreign Fruits
AND PRODUCE.
No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

NO. [illegible]
COME [illegible] in the [illegible] I'll give you a little more [illegible] on my own [illegible] servative [illegible] they choose [illegible] on the good [illegible] not white [illegible] gave me n[illegible] for the So[illegible] around at [illegible] Shampoon[illegible] ja13 tf

MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

AMERICAN MASONIC TEMPLARISM.
NO. 4.

[CONCLUDED FROM LAST SATURDAY.]

The order of the Temple never ceased to exist in Scotland. During the fourteenth Century the Templars there came to honorable terms with the Hospitallers, and they lived together in the same Preceptory. At the Reformation in Scotland, the existing Preceptor, embracing Protestantism, resigned the whole property belonging both to the Hospital and the Temple, and received from the Crown a charter, conveying them all to himself under the title of Lord Torhichen. The Templar portion of the Preceptory, who adhered to the Catholic religion, placed themselves under DAVID SEATON; and though they occasionally admitted Protestants into the order, it continued in the hands of the High Church party till the end of the last century. The Grand Master, Viscount Dundee (Claverhouse), was slain at Killikrankie, July 27, 1689, with the Grand Cross of the Order on his person. Prince Charles Edward Stuart was admitted at Holyrood, September 24, 1745, and became the Grand Master, which office he held until his death in January, 1788.

We know that the Order was not destroyed in Scotland, when it disappeared elsewhere early in the Fourteenth Century. The Prince Charles Edward was the lawful Grand Master of the Order in that country; and he was also a Mason of the Scottish Rite; for he granted a charter for a Rose Croix Chapter at Arras in 1747.

There is no doubt that the Degrees of Prince of Jerusalem, Rose Croix, and Kadosh were all received in succession by the Templars, to conceal the continuance of their existence and organization. There is intrinsic evidence of this in these Degrees; and by the rebuilding of the Temple was signified there establishment of the Order of the Temple. No one knows how old the Rose Croix and Kadosh Degrees are.

Prince Charles Edward was defeated at Culloden on the 16th of April, 1746, and made his escape to France as soon as possible. Most of the Templars went into exile with him, and soon after the Rite of Heredom was established in France, and was carried thence into England by the seceding Masons. The only Templar Degree in England, of which there is any authentic account whatever, was the Kadosh, which thus was introduced there; and this is proven by the fact that in the certificate formerly given by the Grand Conclave of England, "a Degree with the ladder of seven steps" is alluded to.

The article from which we quote states that about 1818-19, "many interesting Templar and other documents, bearing on military topics, belonging to the Social Lodge, which had at one time been attached to some Regiment, *written in French*," were burned in presence of Bro.·. James Lazarus Threlfall, in the Stable yard of the old Boar's Head, Hyde Cross, "on account of the stringent measures Government were using for suppressing secret societies, and the fear lest, if found, such documents might be misinterpreted." The reason given is obviously false. England is a free country, where there are laws and a Constitution; and there was no *necessity* for burning the documents in question. No unprejudiced person will doubt that they were destroyed because they too plainly proved, *being written in French*, that "the order of High Knights Templar," the "Order of St. John of Jerusalem (called Knights Templar,)" the "Royal and Exalted, Religious and Military Orders of Heredom, Grand Elected Masonic Knights Templars Kadosh of St. John of Jerusalem, Palestine, etc," was simply the Kadosh of the Continent, transplanted into England. Dunckerly established it in 1791, *of his own authority*, constituting himself the head of it, creating the Grand Conclave, and "forming a few statutes for regulating" it. Of course it was easy to change the Kadosh work, when it was deemed advisable to disown its origin, and the new emblems of "the triangle, scrip, cup, sword and saw, lamb, cork and crown of thorns made their appearance in it. The Cross and Serpent of the Knight of the Brazen Serpent, and the double-headed Eagle, still remained, nevertheless, to betray its origin; with the Scottish Rite ages 27, and 31, and the phrases *ne plus ultra*, "Kadosha-Templar" and "Heredom Kadosh." The Priestly Order, also, displayed the Seven-branched Candlestick and the Book with Seven Seales, of the 17th degree.

As to the "Baldwyn Encampment," one of the "Immemorial" ones, we find that, at a meeting of the Conclave St. John of Jerusalem at Manchester, in May, 1845, among the members admitted was "Job Lockyer Seale, M. D., P. P. G. S.·. of Somersetshire, and P. G. Rose Croix of the Baldwin Encampment of *the Prince Masons of Bristol.*"

"Prince Masons" was the designation, in France, in 1732 and before that time, of the Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret, 25 h degree of the Rite of Perfection: and when we learn that the Bristol Encampment worked the Rose Croix or 18th degree, we know the meaning of its claim to be called *Immemorial.*

Bro.·. Oliver says, "I find that, in 1784, the twenty-five degrees of Heredom were practised at York by a body

[illegible]

[illegible] from them, is simply dishonest. Dr. Burnes admits the accuracy of Thory's statement, "that about 1728" (only eleven years after the revival of Blue Masonry in England), Sir John Mitchell Ramsay appeared in London with a system of Scottish Masonry, up to that date perfectly unknown in the Metropolis, tracing its origin from the Crusades, and consisting of three degrees, the *Ecossais*, the *Novice*, and the Knight Templar.

We do not at all dispute the legitimacy of American Templarism, or its right to a separate existence, organization and government as an Order. As it exists with its two degrees, it is the work and creation of Thomas Smith Webb, to whom it owes all its work and the whole of its lectures and ceremonies. It is the issue of English Templarism, which was itself the Kadosh transplanted, combined with other degrees, and at last totally changed. It has no connection whatever with the *real* Order of Knights of Temple, into which no one not nobly born could enter. It comes, not from them, but immediately from the tailors, ironmongers, bricklayers and picture frame makers of Mapchester, or men of the same class in other English towns, where men became Kadesh-Heredom Templars for 7s. 6d. Whatever its origin, it is now a great, respectable, independent and influential Order, in its present shape indigenous to the United States, and with a history that goes back some seventy years to its feeble beginnings. The Ancient and Accepted Rite neither undervalues it nor is jealous of it, receives into its ranks a Templar as readily as a Master Mason, in no way interferes with his former allegiance, nor requires of him anything inconsistent with his duties as a Templar.

If the Grand Master and Supreme Congress of American Templars shall see fit to imitate the profound and incredible folly and insolence of the Missouri Grand Commandery, it will take a step in haste of which it will have to repent at leisure.

DEMIT VS. DIMIT.

DEMITTO—To send down, let fall, lower, drive down, impel.

DIMITTO—*Dis* and *mitto*—To send off or away, dismiss, discharge, disband, forsake, drop, remit, mitigate, abate.

One of the fooleries consequent upon making Masonic teachers out of small intellects and ignorant pretenders, is the substitution by almost general consent, of the word "dimit" for "demit." It is "the thing," "chic," now, to say "the Lodge grants a *dimit*." Freemasonry is rapidly becoming the art of making trifles important.

We have given above the meanings of the Latin words, to which, only, our Masonic philologists have looked. They suppose that the words must mean *dismission, release* or *discharge* of the party, by the Lodge; and therefore must be *dimit*. But, unfortunately, the word was not anciently used in that sense; but a Mason was said to *demit* from his Lodge.

The simple truth is that the phrase, like many others in English Masonry, came, like all the degrees above the third, from France, and not from the Latin.

In French, *demettre* means to *dis'oecate*, and "it is used," the Dictionary of the French Academy says, "with the personal pronoun, to express the relieving or dismissing one's self from a charge, employment or dignity—as '*Il s'est demis de sa charge en faveur d'un tel. On l'obligea a se demettre de sa charge. Diocletian se demit de l'Empire*' *Demission* is the act or instrument by which one *se demet* from a charge, government or dignity. *Faire sa demission d'une charge. Il a été obligé de donner sa demission.*

The word "demit" means exactly what *demission* means in French. The latter is, indeed, the [illegible] word. There is really no such *noun* as *demit* or *dimit*. Demit is an obsolete *verb*, but may properly be used. We may say, "A. *demits* from his Lodge: B. tenders his demission as a member."

THE old meeting house, in Newbury, Massachusetts, erected in 1806, was burned a few days ago. The bell was among the oldest in the country, having been cast in London in 1705.

HENRY KEST, one of the murderers of Funk, at a prayer meeting, near Warsaw, Indiana, in August last, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. His accomplices are each out on $5000 bail.

MRS. DEBORAH CASS SILLIMAN died recently in Santa Cruz county, California, in her eighty-sixth year. She was a sister of Gen Lewis Cass, and widow of Hon. Wyllis Silliman, late of Zanesville, Ohio, who was the publisher of the first newspaper started in Marietta, November 30, 1801.

A MAN named Charles Warner, a citizen of Greenfield, Ind., was shot at that place, a few days since, while walking with some friends. One of the company had a pistol in his pants pocket, and in the effort to pull it out the hammer caught in the lining of his pocket and discharged it. The ball entered Mr. Warner's back near the spine, and passed through the stomach, producing a fatal wound.

—In Fon du Lac, Wis., last week, a young lady was to be married, when her mother died, and the intended bride immediately became insane. She rapidly grew worse, and her father suggested marriage as a remedy. The bridegroom [illegible] mmoned, and the marriage ceremony was performed in the presence of [illegible] rpse of the mother, and the reason [illegible] daughter was immediately re- [illegible]. A hard-hearted old bachelor, or [illegible] ho has been unhappily mated, re- [illegible] upon the foregoing: As a general [illegible] we have understood, that insanity [illegible] after marriage rather than before. [illegible] ems to be an exception to the rule.

Grant's Chances.

[illegible] nomination of Grant, blackened [illegible] the negro policy of the Radical faction and loaded down with revolutionary [illegible] will be of no greater avail to the [illegible] than would the nomination of Ben [illegible] or Wendell Phillips. The people [illegible] e North will refuse to reduce ten [illegible] s of the Union to a condition of [illegible] an barbarism and to make the negro [illegible] the social equal of the white man, no matter what candidate the party may put forward. To attract public attention from the real issue involved in the election. The Northern States will cast their electoral votes against an infamous policy and not for an individual. While the American people honor Grant as a soldier they will not consent that he shall be used as an instrument to enable the Radicals to overthrow a republican form of government or to force the political supremacy of the negro upon the nation. If he should not sooner sink under the load heaped upon him by the Radical Congress he would be defeated at the polls by an overwhelming majority.—*New York Herald*

THE Cunard steamship Siberia, upon which the new English Minister to the United States, Mr. Thornton, is a passenger, is considerably overdue, and fears for her safety are beginning to be felt.

THE St. Louis gamblers don't deal a "Square game." Out of fourteen faro boxes captured by the police, only three were honestly made. All the rest contained more than fifty-two cards, with curiously contrived springs, controled by the dealer.

THE breach between the two wings of the Radical party in Louisiana is widening daily. The New Orleans *Tribune*, organ of the negro wing, announces Judge Taliaferro as its candidate for Governor.

THE California ideas of liquor legislation are different from those prevailing in the Eastern States. Instead of enacting a prohibitory law or regulating the number of sellers of liquor by license, the Legislature proposes to enact very stringent rules for the inspection of liquors, and insure purchasers a good article.

THE Legislature of Kentucky has adopted a resolution authorizing the Governor to ascertain if possible the owner of a large French atlas presented to the State of Kentucky during the war by an officer of the United States army, and to return the same if the owner can be ascertained, by correspondence or otherwise, at the cost of the State.

Just Opened.

A NEW LOT OF GOODS, COMPRISING every requisite for the TOILET—Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Combs, in great variety; Fancy Soaps, Perfumes and Pomades of the best English and French manufacturers.
J. W. FALLS & CO.,
Druggists, Etc.,
ja21 357 Main street, bet. Union and Gayoso.

EDUCATIONAL.

Park Avenue Academy,
THREE MILES FROM MEMPHIS, NEAR Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The object of this school is to prepare boys for the University or Virginia or any college, or for the active duties of life. In the Primary Department special attention will be given to Reading, Writing and Spelling. The Principal has had ten years' experience in teaching in Alexandria, Richmond and Lynchburg, Virginia, and designs establishing a permanent school. The Academy is located in a community noted for its refinement and intelligence, and is near Park Avenue Church, where religious services are held every Sunday. Board can be obtained near the school for $18 per month. The next session commences February 3d. References: Dr. J. J. Williams, N. M. Trezevant, M. D. Deadrick, E. Rayner, Esqrs., Captain F. A. Coe, patrons; Rev. M. D. Hoge, D.D., Rev. T. V. Moore, D.D., Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. L. Dabney, D.D., Rev. B. M. Smith, D.D., Union Seminary, Va.; Rev. J. B. Ramsey, D.D., Judge D A. Wilson, Maj. F. H. Dean, Hon. Charles L. Mosby, Lynchburg, Va.; Prof. C. S. Venable, University of Virginia, Prof. Wm. Dinwiddie, late University of Virginia.
ja18 2w* W. L. MILLER, M.A. Principal.

NOTICE TO PARENTS.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS
WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND small Boys, on the 2d JANUARY, 1868 at the residence of Dr. O. R Early, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church, for girls and small boys. dec8

THE MISSES BOWERS
WILL open the Spring Session of their School, on Monday, the 27th of January, at their residence, No. 108 Monroe street. They have engaged the services of Prof. Villehulin, who will give instruction in French, *free of charge*. As evidence of the success attending upon their efforts, they would refer to Hon. Jno. M. Gaut, Hon. W. Y. C. Humes, Mr. R. R. Pullen, Mr. E. H. Word, Mr. S. P. Read, Mr. W. P. Mitchel, and others.
ja24 feb1

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.
SPRING SESSION, 1868,
WILL BEGIN ON
Monday, January 20, 1868.
For information as to Terms, etc., address
Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't,
Farmdale P. O.,
dec22 d&w eod Franklin county, Ky.

LEE ACADEMY.
ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD, WE SHALL organize the Forms for the Spring Session. PROF. VILLEHULIN, Professor Villehulin's classes, WITHOUT CHARGE.
ja19 2w M. A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,
Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal,
Poplar Street, East of Orleans.
THE NEW SESSION BEGINS FEBRUARY THIRD. ja16 2w

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,
(Formerly St. Lazarus.)
Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.
J. DUPREE Professor of Languages.
——, Professor Mathematics.
JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.
Session Opens Monday, September 2nd

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics..... $40 00
Junior, English Branches, Latin and Greek Grammar..... 30 00
Primary Department..... 20 00
☞ Payable in advance. au29

LAW SCHOOL,
MEMPHIS COLLEGE.
THE Law Department of the Memphis College will open on the FIRST MONDAY OCTOBER. The following gentlemen comprise the Faculty:

Real Property & Pleading.....Hon. R. R. HEATH
Personal Property & Pleading.....M. LEAKE
Equity & Commercial Law..Hon. P. T. SCRUGGS
Crim. Law & Admiralty...Gen. J. R. CHALMERS

COURSE OF STUDY.

FIRST SESSION, JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.
Walker's American Law, Kent's Commentaries, Bishop on Criminal Law, Caruther's History of a Law Suit, Stephens' Pleadings.
SECOND SESSION OF JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.
Parsons on Contracts, Parsons on Notes and Bills, Greenleaf on Evidence.
FIRST SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.
Adam's Equity Jurisprudence, Adam's Equity Pleading, Redfield on Wills, Hilliard on Mortgages, Cowen and Hill's Notes.
SECOND SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.
Washburn on Real Property, Taylor on Landlord and Tenant, Angell & Ames on Corporations, Story's Conflict of Laws, Parsons on Maritime Law, Conklin's U. S. Treatise.
Recitations and examinations each day at 4 o'clock. Moot Court once each week, and Appellate Court once each month, presided over by the Professors all together.
Students permitted to enter any Class, but no Diploma given except to those going through whole course.
Terms $25 per Session, payable in advance. Entrance Fee, $5 per Session.
All Students of law can attend free of charge the Lectures of the College, including Lectures on Elocution and explanation of Latin and French technicalities by the President.
Arrangements will be made to board and lodge Students at $25 per month. Applications should be made early. au19

PATENT MEDICINES.

MRS. JACKSON'S
Queen Bess Complexion Wash.
THE following certificates, selected from hundreds in the possession of the proprietress, are confidently submitted to the public:

MRS. WOLCOTT'S CERTIFICATE.
QUINCY, Ill., November 5, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—It is with pleasure that I certify to you, that seeing one of your circulars, which contained certificates and indorsements from the best physicians and the highest medical authorities of the United States, certifying that your *elle* for the complexion and teeth were purely the oils, extracts and essences of flowers, and they warrant it when used according to directions to cure the worst and most difficult cases of nursing, sore mouth, canker of the stomach, bowels and dyspepsia. For scrofulous disorders, when used both internally and externally, it has no equal. Dear Madam, seeing this, and my little daughter, aged fifteen months, having the whooping cough for several months, accompanied with what the doctors call white canker, her mouth and throat being terribly ulcerated, and I having tried everything for its relief I could hear of, all to no purpose, I bought one bottle of your oil for the complexion, called "Queen Bess," went according to the directions, did not use quite one bottle, and I am most happy to state to you that it has cured my child. She is now as well and hearty as ever she was in her life. I give you this, my certificate, hoping you will publish it, that thousands of others who may be afflicted with any of the above affections may at once get a bottle of your "Queen Bess," for I feel sure they will find immediate relief.
Yours respectfully,
MRS. GEO. WOLCOTT,
Jersey street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

MRS. WM. R. COLLINS' CERTIFICATE.
HANNIBAL, Mo, August 22, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—I am most happy to inform you that after having suffered more than three years with what some physicians call nursing sore mouth, or canker of the mouth and throat, I tried various remedies but found nothing to do me any good until I heard of your oils for the complexion and teeth, called "Queen Bess." I bought one bottle, went according to directions, and am truly thankful to say I have found a permanent cure. Hoping you will publish this, that other poor sufferers may be benefited by it, I remain,
Yours respectfully,
MRS. WM. B. COLLINS.

AGENTS WANTED—Male or Female, in every town and county in the United States, to introduce this celebrated preparation. Agents are now making from $150 to $200 per month, clear of expenses. Applications for agencies can be made for the present to Mrs. Jackson, at the Whitemore House, Adams street, between Third and Fourth, Memphis; or to the manufacturing depot, No. 113 Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo., either in person or by letter.
no27 tf

INSURANCE.

EUROPEAN
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
OF LONDON.
Organized 1821.
Agency Established at 65 Wall St., New York, 1846.
Capital in Gold, : : $5,000,000
Surplus in Gold, : : 3,000,000
Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.
Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Duelling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.
Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.
GEORGE W. L. CROOK,
279 1-2 MAIN STREET
Gen'l for Tennessee and Kentucky.
ja18

S. R. CLARKE & CO.,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 18 Madison Street,
Knickerbocker Building.

Combined Cash Assets, - - $30,800,000.

WE have the pleasure of presenting to the notice of our friends the following array of Insurance Capital, unsurpassed in amount and reliability by any Insurance Agencies in this country:

International Insurance Co., assets	$ 1,400,000
Continental Insurance Co., assets	1,700,000
Astor Insurance Co., assets	400,000
Fulton Insurance Co., assets	300,000
North American Insurance Co., assets	400,000
Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.—Gold, assets	17,000,000
Knickerbocker Life Ins. Co., assets	3,000,000

ja12

Southern
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE REMOVED
TO NO. 17 MADISON STREET.
AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the
Southern Life Insurance Company
of Memphis, held on the 21 instant, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

C. Brinkley,	Sam. Tate,
Amos Woodruff,	F. S. Davis,
C. C. Neely,	W. A. Gwyn,
L. Howe,	G. W. Bacon,
P. B. Wills,	C. C. Spencer,
G. W. Frazer,	S. S. Forrest,
Jacob Weller,	S. H. De Bevoise.
Frank White,	

At a subsequent meeting of the Directory, the following officers were unanimously elected:

President..... C. W. MCCARN,
Vice Presidents..... H. C. BRINSLEY and SAM TATE,
Secretary..... S. S. FORREST,
Treasurer..... F. S. DAVIS. nov26

UNITED STATES
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
OF BALTIMORE, August 1st, 1867.
Cash Capital Paid In, - - $250,000
Surplus Assets, - - - $105,892 58

Board of Directors,
(Elected July, 1867):

R. P. Hawley,	William Dean,
Charles T. Morris,	John J. Abrahams,
John W. Randolph,	Franklin Robbins
Wm. H. Gilbert,	Richard Fonder,
Geo. A. Chapman,	D. T. Morton,
Thos. Booz,	Jas. G. Ramsay,
Jas. T. Randolph,	Robert Ashcroft,
John S. Gilman,	John Turnbull, Jr.,
Philip Sherwood,	Caleb B. Hynes,
A. H. Schulz,	Alfred Ray.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
oct3 tf 279½ Main street.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Hartford, Connecticut.
S. D. M'CLURE,
No. 289 Main Street, Bethel Building,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
—GENERAL AGENT FOR—
TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe, Africa, and the Southern portion of South America, during any and all seasons of the year. oct2 d&w tf

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.
THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO,	S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON,	M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD,	E. MEDAVITT,

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEER, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.

Editorial Rooms—No. 14 JEFFERSON STREET, UP STAIRS.
Business Office—No. 13 JEFFERSON STREET.
Business Manager—JOHN AINSLIE.

AGENTS.

R. W. Ainslie, Travelling Agent.
J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Reed Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Geo. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, Law and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASCENDANCY to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

EXTRA. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE.

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive Committee for the 7th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

OUR FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

It is exactly a year, to-day, since THE APPEAL was transferred to its present ownership and editorial and business management, under which it has prospered beyond the most sanguine expectations. Owing to embarrassements that had not been provided for, and the accumulating distress falling upon the country, from which the paper itself with its diversified circulation, could not be exempt, they found its affairs complicated, and its influence waning. In the revolution of twelve months, there has been an entire change, and this day finds the paper reinstated in the enviable position it formerly occupied, politically and financially. It is not in a boasting spirit that we say this, although to be able to say it, is in the highest degree gratifying; but we take the occasion to express to our friends the gratitude we experience at the confidence they have reposed in us, and assure them that no future effort shall be spared to render THE APPEAL worthy of the liberal and increasing patronage they confer. It is our ambition, if not to excel others, to permit none to exhibit more enterprise and energy in journalism, or to entitle themselves to a higher appreciation than that at which we aim. We point to our columns with honest pride, and rely upon the past to inspire renewed confidence, as an earnest of the future. J. S. C. H. & Co.

SUBVERSION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

It is hard to believe that any set of men in a Republic, entertain a deliberate intention to subvert its government, or are actuated by a vindictive hate of the people of a portion of the country. To accuse them of either, seems like partizan exaggeration, and is likely to bring the accusing journals into disrepute.

It is quite possible that the scoundrels who possessed themselves of the powers of government in France, by the overthrow and murder of the Girondists, the septembrizers and assassins who in 1793 murdered MARIE ANTOINETTE and Madame ROLAND, and mutilated and insulted the naked corpse of the Princess DELAMBALLE, in 1792, did not at first intend to grasp, like drunken devils, the bloody reins of absolute power; and that they were only led to do so by circumstances that were their masters.

But it is certain that there have never been wanting men and factions in Republics, who have for sinister and the basest purposes, laboured to destroy free government; and that there are yet those who are ready to poison the Commonwealth, as the Borgias poisoned those who stood in the way of their ambition. There is an incredible depth of villainy in miscreants like STEVENS, SUMNER and WADE.

These men ought to "curse the GALILEAN" for preaching a gospel of love and mercy; for they hate all the principles of the holy religion which He taught. They mean to establish a Military Despotism, by means of the regular army, and, if necessary, of negro auxiliaries, on the ruins of the Republic.

It is not possible to be charitable enough to believe that these plotters of mischief are honest or only fanatical. They mean to continue themselves in power, and they are utterly indifferent as to the measures necessary to effect their purposes.

It is impossible to be charitable or blind enough not to see that upon the cessation of hostilities between Oregon, Nevada, Minnesota and Kansas and the residue of the Northern States, and Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, and the States confederated with them, the spirit which ravaged the Valley of Virginia and the States of Georgia and South Carolina, and denied to rebels all of the charities and humanities of civilized warfare, entered into Congress like a devil, and has ever since possessed the Radical majority in that body of malignants. Their whole object and persistent effort have been, in the words of the *National Intelligencer*, "to prevent the pacification of the country, to keep open the wounds of sectional strife, to aggravate old causes of discord, to inflame partisan prejudice, and to encourage new animosities between the North and South. Aiming at disunion, they have sought, by pernicious and arbitrary measures, to exclude all possibility of reconciliation, and while pretending to emancipate the black race, they have only labored to enslave the white in chains of the most degrading bondage."

They have not as yet ventured to establish a Committee of Public Safety; but they have their MARAT in the person of that distorted malignant and miscreant, THADDEUS STEVENS, a name to be forever infamous, but grateful to and honoured by a people whose paragon of honour and honesty is BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, and the BAYARD of their Chivalry, CHARLES SUMNER. They have not openly established a Triumvirate or Decemvirate; but they have ceded the powers of legislation to a Caucus, ruled in every matter by "the most desperate and reckless of a violent minority."

The settled purpose of these men has been, during more than two years, to establish negro supremacy over the South, and support it by the bayonets of the army and the armed Loyal Leagues of negroes. For this they have had two reasons:—first, to obtain a renewal of their lease of power, by means of negro votes; and second, to degrade, cow and exasperate the people of the South, by every means that the ingenuity of tyranny can devise. This is evident from the sort of legislation to which they have resorted. The ruling motive of every act they have done, has been the desire to wreak their vengeance on the humbled people of the South, and compel them to accept the negro as their political and social equal. If they dared, or could do it, they would compel the white women of the South to marry negroes, and make it unlawful to marry a white man.

They have tried two experiments of reconstruction, the second worse than the first, and have now resorted to a Military Dictatorship. They have presumed upon the forbearance of the people, until, finding themselves condemned by the people, and deeming it wiser to dare everything than to retrace their steps, they have thrown off even the decent pretences of respect for the Constitution, and propose to give Gen. GRANT the opportunity to play the part of CROMWELL. One would almost be willing to live under a Protectorate, like that of old Noll, to see the rump of a despised Congress kicked out of the Legislative Chambers of the Nation.

That body is both incompetent and corrupt. It would sell Constitutional liberty, as ISCARIOT betrayed CHRIST, for thirty pieces of silver. There never was, even in PRAISE-GOD-BARE-BONES' Rump of a Parliament, or in the shabby convocation that NAPOLEON dispersed, such a combination of PECKSNIFF and MAWWORM, with TURPIN and JONATHAN WILD.

You can judge of the intentions and motives of a man, only by his acts. So judging, we must conclude that the Northern legislation and action as to the South, are the out-croppings of a virulent and malignant hatred. We may cease to think so, when they cease to call us rebels.

We need not speak of the despicable course which mistreancy has pursued, towards the President of the United States. The barking dogs of faction have been allowed by a pitiful Speaker of the House to stand up on the floor of that menagerie, and denounce the President as a guilty accomplice in the assassination of President LINCOLN; as if BOOTH needed such accomplices any more than CHARLOTTE CORDAY did, when she avenged the wrongs of France upon the despicable carcass of MARAT. The Congress raised false issues with the President, and then, in the fury of contrived discord, they expelled members of the Senate and House of Representatives, who were elected by all the sanctions of law, for the purpose of securing the necessary two-thirds vote to overcome the Executive veto:

There is nothing heretofore held sacred in free government, which the Jacobins have not done their utmost to destroy; and to destroy which they have not asked for despotic power. They have not been content, their insatiate malice and hatred have not been satisfied, with the destitution, the discouragement, the utter ruin, of the people whose armies they induced to surrender by lying professions of generous intentions.

Instead of establishing territorial governments over the conquered Provinces, to be sustained, if necessary, by the military power, in subordination to the civil, they made them Pachaliks, not even securing to their people the right that beasts of burthen have, to be protected against cruel and inhuman treatment; and set over them CESARS, not all of whom were very worthy to wear the purple,—SHERIDAN, hardly the peer of DAVOUST, and SICKLES, little more of a General than GROUCHY,—each too ready to play the tyrant and revel in the possession of his little brief authority.

This military government costs the people of the Northern States more than one hundred millions of dollars annually. Perhaps revenge is cheap at that cost. They have destroyed the culture of cotton, sugar, tobacco and rice, and made it certain that the South will add nothing to the wealth and revenues of the country for years: while they have utterly alienated the people of the South, released them from their allegiance, and made their States the shame, the scandal and the weakness of the Republic.

They propose to prevent any decision by the Supreme Court that their acts are unconstitutional, by requiring three-fourths of the Judges to concur in order to decide; and to take away its jurisdiction as to all acts and proceedings under the reconstruction rapes of the Constitution. They have so manacled and hampered the President, so cabined, cribbed and confined his powers, that he is in a great degree powerless to protect the Constitution: they threaten him with impeachment, if he dares exercise his constitutional prerogatives, and they now intend to destroy the Supreme Court, if they cannot corrupt or intimidate the Judges. To round and complete the work, they are about to invest an ambitious and drunken General with absolute authority, and make him independent of his commander-in-chief, that he may, if necessary, maintain the Jacobin minority in power, by means of negro bayonets. To make sure of the War Department, they have forced into it for Secretary, a man whom they must despise for determining to remain in the office after he had learned that his resignation was desired; and who wished to be forced upon the President by the Senate after he had been ignominiously suspended.

Thus our Jacobins imitate those of revolutionary France, but with even worse and baser purposes.

PROTEST OF THE RADICAL MEMBERS OF THE OHIO HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following is the protest of the members of the House of Representatives of the State of Ohio against the passage of the resolution rescinding the ratification of the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment:

The undersigned Union Representatives most earnestly protest against the action of the majority of this body in rescinding the resolution passed by the former Legislature, the legality of which action we seriously doubt, whereby the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States, known as the fourteenth article, was ratified, and the manner in which the same was accomplished, because,

1. In the late Congressional election, sixteen members of Congress out of nineteen were elected to that body, by a majority of more than 43,000, on the direct issue presented in said proposed amendment, after having been thoroughly examined and clearly understood, the people thereby intelligently adopting and ratifying said article in all its bearings, and have never since, by vote or otherwise, indicated a change in their opinions as to its justice or necessity.

2. By repealing the amendment whereby the Constitutional Amendment in question was ratified by this State, a majority of this body virtually and impliedly, if not directly, declared that all persons born or naturalized into the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are not citizens of the United States and States wherein they reside; that States shall make or enforce laws which shall abridge the privileges of citizens of the United States, or may deprive persons of life, liberty or property without due process of law, or without the equal protection of law.

3. It removes all disability from persons becoming Senators and Representatives in Congress, electing a President and Vice-President, or holding any office, civil or military, under the United States or any State, who were recently engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the Government, notwithstanding they may have previously taken oath as members of Congress, or as officers of the United States or any State, in any and all their various departments.

4. It allows the validity of the public debt of the United States, as authorized by law, including debts incurred by the payment of pensions and bounties for the suppression of insurrection or rebellion, to be questioned, and removes all disabilities on the part of Congress or the States to assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in said insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or claims for the loss or emancipation of slaves.

5. The resolution rescinding said amendment to the Constitution of the United States, by which Ohio ratified the same, was passed by a majority of this body under the spur and gag of the previous question, thereby preventing the friends and supporters of the amendment from uttering a word in its favor, or their constituents—composing, in the aggregate for Representatives and Senators, a majority of the votes of the State—being heard by their Representatives on the floor of this House against such action.

For these and many other reasons, in the name of the constituency we represent, we make this protest, and ask that it be entered in the journal of this House.

Signed by all the Republican members.

The coolness and effrontery of the fifth of these reasons is refreshing, to one who considers how inexorably Radicalism applies the gag of the previous question in the Lower House at Washington. But second in even more so. Imagine a Jacobin protesting against laws that deprive persons of life, liberty and property without due process of law, or without the equal protection of law, while Military Despotism, unbridled by law, rules ten prostrate Provinces. The "Union" members of the House of Representatives of Ohio must be as shameless as they are graceless.

The New York *Times* (Republican), speaking of this action of the Ohio Legislature, says:

This is but the beginning, probably, of an extensive turning of the tables. What the Ohio Democrats have done may be repeated in New Jersey, and even in one branch of the New York Legislature. The most contemptuous disregard of the feelings, the opinions or the rights of the minority may be defended in these bodies by reference to the temper and tactics of the present majority in the House of Representatives. Hardly anything can be attempted in the line of partisan absolutism which may not be sustained by an appeal to precedents set by the Republicans at Washington. And if ever the Democrats acquire a majority there "we may be quite sure that they will profit by the examples of their opponents. Mr. Brooks' allusion to the future sweeping of the Democratic broom is an idle boast, considering how much his party will be required to gain before obtaining supremacy. But if that event happen soon, or within three or four years, we shall look for changes as sweeping in their nature and as repulsive in their management as those which we are now compelled to witness. It will be folly then for Republicans to complain of the previous question; their own history will explain and excuse its use. It will be of no avail for them to urge adherence to the forms or principles of the Constitution; their own measures will be cited as proofs of indifference to both.

When the time comes—and come it may—we shall see more than reconstruction reconstructed. A Supreme Court moulded to serve Radical purposes may be remoulded on a Democratic basis. And a Radical President at issue with a Democratic Congress may be made to realize the significance of Mr. Garfield's declaration that "the President himself is a subordinate of Congress." We know that one of the objects of the present policy of the extremists is so to fortify themselves in power as to render the reversal of their work impossible. But they will not do it; and the more they try after the fashion of these days, the less likely are they to succeed. It may be too late for them to learn the lessons of history which inculcates respect for constitutional powers and principles, and moderation in the exercise of overwhelming strength; but experience will teach it some day in spite of their remonstrances.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

JANUARY 28.—The following passed the first reading in the Senate:

A bill giving the Legislature the right to repeal or modify any act of incorporation where vested rights have not accrued.

An act appropriating the money received from the sale of lands donated by the United States, to establish departments of agriculture and mechanical sciences in colleges already established, in the Eastern, Middle and Western divisions of the State.

Mr. Lyle: An act to repeal the Ninth chapter of the Code in reference to Tobacco Inspectors.

An act to provide for the protection of Sheriffs, by giving them thirty guards, with a Captain and Lieutenant, at three dollars per day for the privates, and a Captain's and Lieutenant's pay in the United States army to the officers.

In the House, Mr. Prosser moved to take up House bill No. 346, providing for payment of the debts of the State for the years 1868-69. The bill was taken up and lost on second reading.

Mr. Hacker moved to reconsider the vote rejecting House bill No. 346, providing for payment of the debts of the State for the years 1868-69. The vote was reconsidered, and bill passed second reading.

Resolution for a joint select committee to investigate and report upon the propriety of authorizing the Governor to release certain convicts in the penitentiary, and to provide for punishing persons convicted of minor offenses in the counties in which such convictions may occur. Passed.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

—At Nashville on the 25th, at the Ash Barracks, a boy named Fred Lilly, aged about ten years, fired a pistol at another boy, or child rather, of seven years, the ball striking him in one eye, completely destroying the sight, and inflicting a wound that may yet prove mortal. The youthful culprit was taken into custody, and the wounded child was carried to the Post Hospital.

—On Monday night two negroes were caught stealing hogs from the place of Gen. Sivley, two miles from Chattanooga. They had already carried off one, and had returned for another. They were averse to the Shakspearean idea involved in the question: "Insatiate archer! would not one suffice?" When hailed, they fired on the party who discovered them, and received in return about twenty shots, one of them taking five balls in his body, but not necessarily mortal, although severe. The other was captured.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

—The Hernando *Press* of the 30th ult. says: We learn that the present U. S. Revenue Collector, Dr. Wm. M. Johnston, is about to be superceded by a regular "carpet bagger" from the "truely loyal."

—The Vicksburg *Times* of the 28th ult. says: There were, we understand, several burglaries and attempts at burglary, in our city Saturday and Sunday night, and a fire Sunday morning!

—Gilbert H. Bates having started on his walk from Vicksburg, the *Times* gives the following outline of his *route*: From Jackson he will strike for Brandon, and from there no doubt to Meridian, Selma, Montgomery, etc. Madame Cognisse presented him with a beautiful silk flag ornamented by herself.

—Hon. J. R. Parsons, a deservedly popular gentleman, was elected Treasury of the Convention by a handsome majority, and we are highly gratified that the choice fell on so good and popular a man.—*Jackson Journal*, 29th.

As the Convention has "no funds," the new "Treasury" will have a difficulty in paying off. Should he be able to effect that object he may enhance his popularity with the black-and-tans.

GEORGIA ITEMS.

—The Columbus (Ga.) *Sun* says: "Sometime since we predicted that somebody would call for *ar* in the mulatto den at Atlanta. On yesterday, on motion, it was ordered that the Convention hall should be *ventilated* every morning."

—At Macon, a negro named Sam Hardeman, broke into a smokehouse and stole a sack of flour. Having had the luck to make his exit without detection, he went back to take the balance of the barrel, heading, hoops, staves and all, but was caught with his trophy in hand. He regretted very much that he hadn't taken a fine turkey instead of the flour barrel, as then he might have succeeded in sneaking away, and had bread and turkey both.

—Mr. John Verdery, conductor on the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, was seriously injured on Thursday morning by a locomotive running over and shockingly mangling his right foot, and also crushing the toes of the left foot.

—There was a snow storm at Atlanta on the 29th ult.

THE Manchester (N. H.) *Union* prints a letter from Charles Libbey, who withdraws from the Radical party, and presents his reasons very tersely for doing so.

JOHN CALDWELL, a member of the Chicago police force, stepped into a saloon on Clark street, in that city, was invited to take a glass of cider, and died in three hours afterward. He had twice arrested the keeper of the saloon for violations of the law, and suspicions are entertained that revenge prompted the publican to poison him.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SPECIALS TO APPEAL.

WASHINGTON.

THE BUREAU ANOTHER YEAR.

Ohio Objects to the Fourteenth Amendment.

Rollins to be Removed.

Special Dispatch to the Memphis Appeal.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—In the House to-day, Mr. Elliot, from the Committee on Freedmen's Bureau Affairs, reported the necessity of continuing that institution for one year longer, all of which is intended to fasten the institution on the country as long as it can be used for partisan purposes, as it confers the principal powers on Secretary Stanton.

The McCardle case was before the Supreme Court to-day, and argued by both parties. The decision, which relates solely to the jurisdiction of the Court, will not be made for another week.

In the Senate to-day, the Chair presented joint resolutions from the Legislature of Ohio, withdrawing the assent of the State to the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution.

Senator Sherman did not think this expressed the opinions of the people of that State, and suggested the greenback bond issue had much to do with the late verdict. He thought the provision disfranchising deserters was the cause of the Radical defeat in Ohio, and not the great issues before the country.

A lengthy discussion followed, Sumner, of course, contending that three-fourths of the loyal States was enough to adopt the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution.

This position being controverted in the House, Dawes, from the Committee on Elections, made a bitter speech against the admission of J. Young Brown, of Kentucky, for alleged disloyalty. No vote was taken on the question, but it is settled Brown will not be allowed to take his seat.

There seems to be no doubt that the President has expressed his determination to remove Mr. Rollins, and the choice for his successor seems to lie between Perry Fuller, of New Hampshire, and Col. N. O. Wisewell.

A large delegation of tobacco manufacturers were before the Committee of Ways and Means this morning to urge upon the Committee the necessity of reducing the tax on tobacco. They also made a number of suggestions as to the best method of collecting the tax, and preventing frauds being perpetrated on the Government by dishonest parties.

The Bond Committee is said to be concerting a scheme for the inflation of the currency. The Ways and Means Committee, with Schenck at its head, will try and defeat their project.

ARKANSAS.

LEVEE APPROPRIATIONS.

$3,900,000 ASKED FOR

MORE BUREAU.

Miss Brooks Not a Negro's Bride.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.

LITTLE ROCK, January 31.—The Convention met at 10 a.m. The Committee to memorialize reported the memorial praying Congress to appropriate three million nine hundred thousand dollars to build and improve the levees on the Mississippi and Arkansas rivers along the States of Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana. The appropriation to constitute a loan and twenty-five cents per acre to be levied upon lands benefitted, to reimburse the Government.

Cypert objected to asking Congressional legislation which would create mortgages upon private property of any locality without the consent of owners, and thought such proceedings unknown to law.

The report of the Select Committee on the continuance of the Freedmen's Bureau, premised with statements that malignancy and hatred prevailed against the negro to such an extent that a negro could not hope for justice unless the Bureau continued, etc., was opposed strongly by Kyle, Beasley, Wilson, Bradley and Corbell, Radicals, and all Conservatives, denying the truth of the preamble, and asserting respectively that negroes got impartial justice in their counties. A general debate ensued, which was sharp and cutting upon all sides.

Mason (a negro), of Chicot, offered to amend, that if the Bureau is continued, Gen. Howard be requested to appoint more efficient and honest agents than heretofore.

Pending the putting of the previous question, Brooks obtained leave and denied the statement imputed to him in reference to his daughter marrying Gross, a negro, etc.

The previous question was not ordered, and a motion to adjourn prevailed.

MISSISSIPPI.

Calling Niggers "Mister."

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.

JACKSON, MISS., January 31.—The Printing bill was recommitted.

Clarke, of Yazoo, (white), offered a resolution that no reporter be admitted within the bar who makes distinctions in members of the Convention, when they speak of them. He had noticed that the *Clarion's* reporter had left "mister" off in speaking of the colored members.

Several colored members spoke in favor of its adoption.

On a motion to table, the vote stood thirty-seven yeas to thirty-four nays. No business transacted to-day.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—In the Supreme Court to-day, Hon. J. Hughes, on the part of the United States, moved to dismiss the McCardle case for want of jurisdiction. It will be recollected that the Court has set apart the first Monday in March to hear the argument why the case should be advanced on the docket. Hughes said the petition of McCardle, appealing from the decision of the Court, was founded on the assumption that the reconstruction laws were unconstitutional.

Hon. Jeremiah Black expressed surprise that the motion had been made to dismiss the case, as the court had already set a time to hear the argument on the subject. On a former occasion the counsel for the United States had opposed his considering the case at all, but now they go off "half cocked" on editorial articles which had been read and were calculated to make the friends of Gen. Ord feel indignant. If it be true, as asserted by the other side, that neither this court or the Circuit Court of Mississippi have any jurisdiction over this subject, then the American people are in the precise condition the French people were in during the monarchy, when any man could be put in power and kept there until he died, or was forgotten.

In conclusion he condemned the law which he declared struck down ten Independent States. The Court here adjourned. The argument will be resumed next Friday, by Senator Trumbull for the military authorities, and Judge Sharkey for the petitioner.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, January 31.—The dispatches received several days since, giving an account of the caving in of the earth on the side of Mt. Vesuvius, whereby lives were lost and houses swallowed up, were wholly untrue. Nothing of the kind occurred.

LONDON, January 31, p.m.—Consols, 93@93¼; Five-twenties, 72½; Illinois Central, 86½; Erie, 49.

FRANKFORT, January 31.—U. S. Five-twenties, 76½.

LIVERPOOL, January 31, p.m.—Cotton is unchanged; sales 10,000 bales. Corn, 43s 9d.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—Gen. Carl Schurz dined to-day with Count Bismarck and members of the Federal Council of the North German States.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—The Chair laid before the Senate several communications, including a Joint Resolution of the Ohio Legislature rescinding the Constitutional Amendment.

Sherman said he deemed it to be the just expression of the people of Ohio.

Sumner claimed that it was of no effect, as that State could not withdraw an approval once given.

Johnson argued on the opposite side, and it was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The supplementary Tenure of Office bill was then taken up. The question was on Sumner's amendment that the "bill shall do away with the Foreign Agents of the State Department."

Patterson moved, as an amendment, "that such agents shall not exceed five in number."

Sumner, Conness, Cameron, Anthony and Grimes, opposed such restrictions on the part of Congress.

At the expiration of the morning hour the bill was laid aside, and an adjournment until Monday provided for.

Johnson gave notice that he would, on Monday, press a vote in the case of Senator Thomas.

The Supplementary Reconstruction bill was then taken up, and Howe spoke in favor of it.

HOUSE.

On the motion of Blaine, the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to furnish information as to the amount of property seized for frauds on revenues, and the amount realized therefor.

Eggleston presented a joint resolution of the Ohio Legislature, withdrawing the ratification of the Constitutional amendment, and requesting the return to the Governor of the official papers in Washington giving the assent of Ohio to the amendment, which had been printed and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Eggleston said it was doubtful whether the persons who had called for such papers, had a right to return them to the Governor of Ohio. He also desired to say that the Legislature of Ohio, in passing such a joint resolution, had gone against the wishes of the people of the State. That there had been recently an election in one Congressional District where the inquiry had been presented before the people, and the result of the election was partly owing to the Legislature.

The resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee, who were instructed to report whether the State had a right to withdraw its assent.

Elliott, from the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs, reported a bill to continue the Bureau. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

The first section provides for a continuance of the Bureau for one year after July 16, 1868.

The second section directs the Secretary of War to withdraw the Bureau from the States represented in Congress, unless after a consultation with the Commissioners, and upon his own examination, he is satisfied that it should be continued. Provided the Educational Division shall not be effected until a suitable provision shall be made within the State for the education of the negro children.

The third section provides that the Commissioner is to employ the unexpended balance not required for the due execution of the law for educational purposes, and the same to be subject to the provisions of the law applicable thereto.

The fourth section permits officers of the veteran reserve corps in the volunteer service on duty under the Commissioner, and who have been or may be mustered out of the service, to be retained for duty when required for the proper execution of the law, with the same compensation and authority as is now enforced by law on officers of the Bureau of the same grade.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the Kentucky Contested Election case between Brown and Smith.

During the debate which followed, Allison reported, from the Conference Committee on the Cotton tax, the bill reported in the Senate yesterday, which, after an animated discussion, was agreed to; yeas 104, nays 43; and without coming to a vote on the Kentucky Election case, the House adjourned.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Commodore Vanderbilt is reported to be dangerously ill.

The Protestant Episcopal home Bishops will meet in St. John's Chapel on Wednesday to choose a Bishop for Oregon in place of Bishop Scott who died in Philadelphia. Bishop Smith of Kentucky will preside.

At a meeting of publishers and authors last evening resolutions were adopted favoring the establishment of an international copyright between the United States and nations of Continental Europe.

FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, PA., January 31.—An accident occurred near here this morning, on the Pennsylvania railroad, which was caused by a broken rail. Four of the rear cars were thrown off, three of which went down an embankment, took fire and were burned. One woman was killed and several wounded. There were no Southerners among them.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, January 31.—The weather is clear and cold.

LOUISVILLE, January 31.—The river is swelling, with seven feet in the canals. The weather is clear. Thermometer 37°.

The Belle Lee and Nick Longworth have arrived from New Orleans.

FROM CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, January 31.—Murray, Eddy & Co., lottery managers, were injoined to day in Covington, Ky., from drawing the Kentucky State Lottery for the benefit of Shelby College, Francis, Smith & Co., being the only parties authorized by law to draw under that charter.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, VA., January 31.—In the Convention to day several additional articles, reported by the Finance Committee, was adopted. One providing for the settlement with the State of Western Virginia, about its share of the State debt, and appropriation of the amount, and when paid.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, January 31.—The Convention to-day adopted articles of the Constitution as far as No. 131, which are still under the title of "general provisions."

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, January 31.—A bill will be presented in the Legislature, forthwith, licensing liquor dealers.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Cotton, ½c better; sales, 700 bales; uplands, 19½c. Rice and coffee, quiet; San Domingo in bond, 10c. Sugar, active and firm; Cuba, 11¼@12c. Corn steady, $1 28@1 31.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Dry goods are firm at yesterday's advance.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Money easy; call loans, 3@8; prime discounts, 6@7; sterling firm, 9@10. Gold, 40½@40¾. New Tennessees, 60½.

NEW ORLEANS, January 31.—Sugar, ruling upwards; common, 10@11c; fair, 12½c; choice, 14@14½c. Molasses, active; common, 60@65c; prime, 80@81c. Cotton sales, 4200 bales; sales yesterday, not quoted, 1200 bales; week's sales, 23,500 bales; week's receipts, 22,8000 bales; exports coastwise, 666 bales; foreign, 29,155 bales; stock, 84,417 bales. Sterling, 52½@53¼. New York sight, ¼ di-count. Gold, 38@39¼.

ST LOUIS, January 31.—Tobacco stock nearly exhausted. Flour, firm—X $8 50. Corn, 70@85c. Oats, inactive, 66¼@70c. Provisions were held higher. Pork held at $22. Lard, 15½@12½c.

LOUISVILLE, January 31.—Tobacco firm; sales 55 hhds; common lugs $5 10; fine leaf $19. Flour, superfine, $7 75@8; fancy $12 50. Corn, ear, 75c; shelled 75c in bulk; in bulk 65@68c. Cotton 16½@17½c. Lard 13½c. Mess Pork $22. Bacon, shoulders, 9½c. Clear Sides 12½c. Bulk Shoulders 8½. Clear Sides 11½.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—Flour firmer; family, $11 25@11 50. Wheat firm but quick, $2 25. Corn firmer; ear, 82@83c. Oats, 68@69c. Rye, $1 60@1 65. Fall barley, $2 30@2 33. Provisions excited. Pork, $21 75. Bacon shoulders, 10c; sides, 11½@12c; clear sides, 12½c. Butter dull, 33@37c. Sugar, 13@14c. Coffee, 20@25c. Eggs unchanged.

SHELBY COUNTY CONVENTION.—A Convention of delegates from the wards of the city of Memphis and the civil district of Shelby county, is hereby called to assemble at the Greenlaw Opera House, city of Memphis, on *Friday, February* 14, 1868, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of nominating Conservative Democratic candidates for the following offices, *to be* filled at the next March election:

For Sheriff of Shelby county.
For Register of Shelby county.
For Trustee of Shelby county.
For Tax Collector of Shelby county.
For Commissioner of Shelby county.
For Clerk of Common Law and Criminal Courts.
For Marshal of Municipal Court, and
For Constables of City Districts.

Each civil district outside of the city will be entitled to two, and each ward in the city four, delegates in the Convention. The wards and districts are requested to meet at their respective voting places on Saturday, February 8, 1868, and elect their delegates and delegates so chosen are earnestly requested to attend the County Convention, as no proxies will be recognized. Ward meetings at night. Districts at 2 o'clock, p.m. By order of the County Executive Committee.

M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.
fd

LOUISIANA ITEMS.

—The Shreveport *Southwestern* of the 22d ult., says: Murder and robbery seem to be the order of the day. Scarcely a night passes but we hear of some store being broken open and robbed. Last Wednesday night a freedman employed at Jones' foundry was murdered and robbed, between the foundry and his house. Next night the grocery house of Tandy & Morton was robbed of four or five hundred dollars' worth of goods. The following night Eistner & Heffner went up for about the same amount; and the next night Herrold's dry goods store, on Texas street, suffered, but to what extent we are not advised. There is evidently an organized band of thieves in our city, and it behooves our well-disposed citizens to be on the alert.

—The thermometer marked two degrees below freezing point at New Orleans on Thursday.

—To day is the fifty-fourth day of the session of the Louisiana Constitutional Convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BOARDING.—A few Day Boarders will be taken by mess No. 179 second street.
feb1 tf HENRY LAIRD.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A House for rent on Union street, with seven rooms and outhouses, at $50 per month. The Furniture for sale at $2,000—cost $6,000—nearly new. Apply to
REES & WILSON,
Odd Fellows Hall.

NOTICE.

I HAVE CLOSED UP MY STORE IN MEMphis, Penn., and have placed my accounts in the hands of Messrs. Haskell & Mallory for collection. All persons indebted to me are requested to make payment without further notice.

The Power of Attorney to Mr. Edward Fegan is ended and cancelled on the 27th inst., I recommend my former patrons to him, as he contemplates continuing the same kind of business. JOHN A. DICKINSON.
January 31, 18 8. feb1 3t

TERRY & MITCHELL,

WHOLESALE

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS

No. 320 Main Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

HAVE DETERMINED TO SELL ALL WINTER GOODS AT

Reduced Prices.

Constantly receiving SEASONABLE GOODS direct from the manufactory, which will be offered at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
feb1 dawlm

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis.
CLERK'S OFFICE, January 31, 1868.

Edwin Morris et al., firm of Edwin Morris & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. —— Simpson, —— States &, firm of Simpson, Estes & Co., Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause, pursuance of sec. 3453 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied," etc., on the property of the defendants —— Simpson, —— Estes & ——, firm of Simpson, Estes & Co;

It is therefore ordered that the said defendants appear at the Municipal Courtroom in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in March next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken or confessed as to them, and the case set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy: LUCIEN B. EATON, Clerk.
J. A. Taylor, Attorney for Plaintiffs.
feb1 lawiw

Non-Resident Notice.

County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee
John L. Hicks et als. vs. Cole worth P. Head et als.

IN this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that defendants, Colesworth P. Head, William Bompass, Haywood Bompass and Sallie C. Bompass, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they do enter their appearance here at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's petition, on or before the first Monday in March, 1868, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal, a newspaper published in the city of Memphis.

A True Copy—Attest:
JNO. LOAGUE, Clerk.
By JAMES REILLY, Deputy Clerk.
J. S. Galloway, solicitor for Complainants.
fe

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—WM. E. BARNES, is a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. jan26 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Trustee—subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention of Shelby county. GEO. C. HOLMES.
January 24, 1868.*

WE are authorized to announce D. R. GRACE as a candidate for the office of Marshal o' Municipal Court, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. Ja19 te

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—We are authorized to announce PHILIP GARVIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector or Shelby county, at the election in March next. ja18 te

CLERK OF COMMON LAW AND CRIMINAL COURTS.—We are authorized to announce F. L. WARNER as candidate for Criminal and Common Law court Clerk, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. Ja18 te

WE are authorized to announce Mr. JOHN NORTON as a candidate for re election to the office of Constable of the 14th Civil District of Shelby county. ja18 te

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE.—*Messrs Editors Appeal:* You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the ensuing March election, subject to nomination of the Democratic party. Respectfully,
A. S. WOODWARD.
Ja15 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—In response to the call of my friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Democratic Conservative party.
W. L. STEWART.
Ja15 te

THOMAS W. REILLY is announced as candidate for Register of Deeds for Shelby county at the ensuing March election. Ja14 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER. COL JOHN MARINER, announces himself as a candidate for the office of County Register, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. ja12 te

E. W. CALDWELL is a candidate for TAX Collector or Shelby county at the ensuing March election. Ja11 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election. Subject to the nomina tion of the Conservative Convention.
J. W. KING.
Ja10-ce7 te

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CHELLIS as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 te

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES OVER German National Bank. No 26 Main street.
Janal 1w MARTIN GRIFFIN Cashier

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE CONTAINING 8 rooms, a front and side porch, in a desirable neighborhood, on the corner of Poplar and Orleans streets, fronting on Orleans. Inquire at 148 Adams street.
MARTIN DALY.
jan29 1w

FOR RENT.—THE LATE R SILENCE OF John L. Taylor, deceased, on Adams street, near R, cobb's. Large lot and pleasant place. Rent low. W. H. CHERRY,
ja22 tf Administrator.

FOR LEASE OR RENT.—THAT BEAUTIFUL residence, 3 miles east of the city, on Germantown road. The improvements consist in a good frame dwelling, seven rooms, large kitchen, Pantry, Smoke-house and stable, with same room for laborers and stock; spaces of the best kind in the county in cultivation, a good garden set in strawberri s and raspberries and other needful things; stock, wagons and farming implements for sale on the place. Also corn, fodder and hay. Address JAMES M. WHITE, 450 state 470 E.
ja20 3w

FOR RENT.—A LARGE HALL, NO. 13 ON Monroe street. Apply at H. WETTER & CO., Nos 12 and 15 Monroe street. ja12 tf

FOR RENT.—A NO 1 OFFICE FOR RENT. Apply to TAYLOR, COOK & CO., 270 Front street.

TO RENT.—A HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, with board, at Mrs. Dr. George C. Gray's, 66 Court street. dec19

FOR RENT.—The "CHERRY PLACE," on Auburn avenue, 1½ miles South of Court Square. Terms reasonable to a good tenant. PARIES & HARSHEE,
dec28 tf 14 Monroe street.

FOR RENT.—A STORE on Main street, located in one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 341 Main street. dec10

FOR RENT—

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama streets. A number one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 400 Alabama street.
nov21 tf

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct4 tf J. W. PAGE, Jr.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A first class HORSE POWER ENGINE, Portable Boiler, and No. 1 Saw Mill, in complete order. Also, a first class GRIST MILL, will be sold low. Inquire at No. 42 Front street, or at No. 35 Union street, Memphis.
jan31 2w

FOR SALE.—A COUNTER SUITABLE FOR a Cigar, Fruit or News stand. Apply at this office. Jan29

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Malone (or old McNeal) Plantation, situated on the bank of the river, a few miles below Sunflower Landing, Mississippi. Six or seven hundred acres in cultivation, with good furniture, implements, two good plow stock, and 1000 to 1500 bushels corn. This is one of the highest places on the river. Apply to PARTEE & HARSHEE, No. 14 Monroe street. Jan29 1m

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE.—STOCK AND Fixtures of a Drug Store in Bolivar, Tenn. Stock cost $2,000. Will be sold very low for cash or secured paper. Address R. H. WOOD,
Ja21 1w Bolivar, Tenn.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR RENT. An elegant, Cottage RESIDENCE (with improvements all new), with five acres of ground, in Germantown, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. House contains five rooms, with all necessary out-houses. For further information apply to H. T. Jones or Capt. Geo. H. Jones, near Germantown, or to the undersigned.
O. M. ALSUP.
January 2, 1868. ja2 2w

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT.—A SMALL HOUSE containing about 5 or 6 rooms, within a small distance of Jefferson street. Address M. O. K., Appeal office. Jan31 2t

WANTED.—A house containing three or four rooms, in a good neighborhood, for which a moderate rent will be promptly paid. Address A. B., this office. 1t25

WANTED TO BUY—A small improved FARM, consisting of about 150 acres, within about fifteen miles of Memphis, which I am prepared to pay $2.00 cash on first payment. Address, with full description, location, improvements, etc., J. C. P., care Appeal office. ja24 1f

WANTED TO RENT.—A SMALL HOUSE containing about 5 or 6 rooms, within a small distance of Jefferson street. Address M. O. K., Appeal office. Jan31 2t

WANTED.—A situation as Book keeper by an old citizen, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office. dec27

INFORMATION WANTED—OF MARY J. HARRISON and Child, the Widow and Daughter of Wm. Harrison, Pattern-maker, who was murdered in Nashville, Tenn., on the 3d of May, 1866. If living, and will correspond with the undersigned, they will hear of something to their advantage. Address H. BAILEY, Merchant Tailor, Savannah, Ga., Box 186.
ja 1 1m

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTAGAS AND REGALIA DEL REY

CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.

GEORGE L. GRAYSER,
dec8 3m Proprietor, Memphis.

GOOD NEWS FOR the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS,

Preserves, Jellies,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc, consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Jellies, and Preserves of all kinds; Sauces, Pickles, Can Fruits, Toys, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration. We are also in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other Green Fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience enables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstrates.

☞ Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.

L. ROCCO & CO., Importers,
290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.
dec6 2m

WHITEMAN BROS.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville.	No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

Wanted to Exchange.

WHO will exchange Memphis property for a well improved place of 500 acres, 350 to 500 acres in high cultivation in Yallobusha county, Mississippi, 4½ miles west of Coffeeville? Gin House, Gin and Mill on the place, good and substantial quarters, as we'll as Stables, Cribs, &c., 15 head of Mules, 40 head of Cattle, stock Hogs and Corn and Fodder to run the place; also, Wagons, Farming tools, etc., etc. Mands can be had at low figures, a part of which are now on the place. Might take part in goods, wares and merchandize. Refer to Green, McNutt & Co., James Elder, Colonel Ed. Pickett, Jr. [ja18 1m] A. S. BROWN.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	2:01 p.m.	2:01 p m
Grand Junction Accom'd'n (daily except Sunday)	8:30 p.m.	10:30 a m
Somerville Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	8:55 a.m.	5:10 p m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. R. SS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	3:30 p m
Night Express	7:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m

Railroad Time 15 m inutes faster than City. Ticket offices No. 275 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	3:25 p.m.	4:10 p.m.
Sardis accom'n ex Sunday	10:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Freight, daily, ex sunday	3:15 p.m.	9:45 a.m.

Ticket offices No. 275 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. ja8

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 2:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 3:15 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:15 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 2:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 12:45 p.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on White and Arkansas rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. HIST, Postmaster Memphis.

REMOVAL.

Our friends will remember that the APPEAL BUSINESS OFFICE is now located at No. 13 Jefferson street.

The EDITORIAL ROOMS of the APPEAL have been removed to No. 14 Jefferson street, upstairs, where we will be glad to see our friends at all times.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Directory of Conservative Colored Men Wanting Employment.

MARENGO JOHNSON, Want to work on a BURLEY MITCHELL, farm.
DENNIS NORRIS, house servant or steward.
BRITTON HINES, on and faith ul house servant.
WM. HUTCHINS, EDW CRAWFORD
EDW SNEED, MONROE FARHAM,
SAM CROSS, M M FORSTER,
HARVEY BROWN, JOHN POE,
JAMES NEWTON.

BARBERS TO BE PATRONIZED.

NED ADAMS, 357½ Main street.
HOKE ALEXANDER, 4 Jefferson street.
WILLIAM DE MOSS, 158½ Court street.

REDUCTION.—The Gayoso House has reduced day board from forty to thirty-five dollars per month.

TURNED OVER.—Detective Sulkirk recovered yesterday a small note, which had been stolen some time since, and returned the same to its owners.

FALSE PRETENSES.—Wallace Davis and Henry Spencer, charged with obtaining a silver watch and fifty dollars in currency, will be examined before Justice Moore this morning at nine o'clock.

STEALING COPPER.—James Moran, charged with stealing copper from J. V. Powell, was before Justice Heinrich yesterday, and the further examination of the case postponed till this morning at 10 o'clock.

MORE HORSE STEALING.—On the night of January 30th, A. Casteling lost a black horse, valued at one hundred and fifty dollars. No trace of the animal has as yet been had.

FRESH GAME.—Twenty-five dozen prairie chickens, forty dozen Northern quails, twenty dozen ducks, just received by express and for sale by Victor D. Fuchs, 41 Jefferson street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

MULES CAUGHT.—Officers S'oeum, Pollard, N. B. Smith and Wands caught, three stolen mules yesterday as they were about to be conveyed out of the city. The animals are now housed awaiting owners.

WEATHER.—Yesterday the weather was bright and pleasant, although the air was cool and bracing. The streets were well filled with our most fashionable people. The night was fine and the prospect for clear weather is very good.

LOST AND RECOVERED.—Mr. J. C. Dent had a lot of stock for sale at Titus' shed. Seven of the long eared animals were stolen, the value of which was eight hundred and seventy-five dollars. Vigorous measures were taken by the owner, and the stock recovered.

STORE ROBBERY.—The store of Messrs Kenny & Wolf, No. 172 Main street, was entered yesterday morning about eleven o'clock, by a negro named Fred. Huston, and a bolt of cotton valued at fifty dollars stolen. He was arrested, and will be examined before Mr. Justice Heinrich this morning at ten o'clock.

FLETCHER TAYLOR, an old citizen of Shelby county, died at his residence on Monday, the 28th ult., in the seventy-ninth year of his age. He had been a resident of the county for the last thirty-four or forty years, and had always borne an irreproachable character. Peace to his ashes—he was a good man.

THE WHISKY FINE.—The party fined the two bottles of whisky—a notice of which we published yesterday—at the police room, paid the bill. We should have stated that the occurrence took place after the adjournment of the Court. Our informant was slightly in error in stating that the fine was entered during the session of the Court.

COW STOLEN.—A very valuable cow, valued at eighty dollars, was stolen from the stable of Mr. Hugo, who is the proprietor of the pleasure garden at Fort Pickering, yesterday morning. Four men named J. Bake, John Stokes, — Taylor and J. K. Bates, the accused, will be examined before Mr. Justice Hall to-day.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

FOR THE CRESCENT CITY.—The editorial in chief and the business manager of the APPEAL will leave to-day for New Orleans. During their absence the business management will be under the control of the book-keeper, A. S. Lonergan, and the editorial department under Col. Leon Trousdale and Col. James B. Marshall.

STEALING A MARE.—Some individuals not having the fear of the law before their eyes, stole from Ellis' wagon yard, yesterday, on the corner of Washington street and Second alley, a very fine sorrel mare valued at one hundred and fifty dollars, the property of Mrs. Ellen Clarkson. Diligent search has been made, but the animal has not yet been found.

AN ATTEMPT TO KILL.—A negro named Cato Bolton was sent to jail yesterday by Justice Brewer, charged with attempting to kill a colored brother. The accused is represented to be a faithful negro, having always lived at home and proved himself true. It is alleged that the prosecution was unjust and malicious. The fact, however, will be brought out on the trial.

THE DOOMED RACE.—We have already noticed this book; and we again refer to it for the purpose of urging our Masonic brethren to purchase it, if not for its merits, still to relieve its author, who is an eminent clergyman as well as a priest of the Order, and has suffered the loss of all things by the late war here, and losses in prosecuting the work of his great mission in Mexico.

PHILOLOGICAL.—The Atlanta *Era* has coined the word "contributorial," which may be classified with "repertorial" and "newspaporial," against all of which we protest. If these words are to be admitted into the language, which can do very well without them, we insist that the coinage shall be pure and not be weighed down with alloy, and suggest that *e* be substituted for *o* as more legitimate.

AN ANNIVERSARY.—One year ago today the writer took charge of the local columns of the APPEAL, and has endeavored during that period to please his readers. At times we may have been at fault, but it was an error of judgment and not one of intention. We propose to do justice to everybody, and record facts only. It is not our province to speculate, but to give our readers simple facts, with such judicious comments as we may think necessary. Hoping that our future course may please in time to come, as well as we believe it has in the past, we will not fail to use our best exertions to keep up with the progress of the times.

STATE FEMALE COLLEGE.—We learn that this flourishing boarding school in our vicinity closed its fall and winter session yesterday. In spite of the hard times the spring session will open on Monday next with a full faculty and encouraging prospects. As the city cars now run out to the College, let parents avail themselves of the opportunity. Under the able administration of its President, Col. Hollins, the school has held on its triumphant way, despite all the public calamities which have swept down the most of boarding schools of its class.

COAL! COAL!!—Kentucky vs. Alabama. We have just received a consignment of Kentucky coal, far superior to the Blantsville, Ala., now being sold in this city, which we offer at $1 10 per barrel delivered. We guarantee it to be well screened and free from dust. We are also selling best Pittsburg at lowest market rates.
BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO.,
26 South Court street, corner Main.

This advertisement should have been corrected yesterday. As written, the price of the coal advertised was as above, but it was by mistake printed $1. We have tried the coal, and are *entirely* satisfied with, and recommend it.

QUERY.—Yesterday morning at 7 o'clock the mercury indicated 13½° below zero, and at the same hour this morning it stood at 13°, being the coldest weather of the season.—*Ledger, Jan. 30.*

Is it not possible that the mercury indicated 13½° *above* zero? 13½° *below* is a Spitzbergen temperature.

Geo. Pattison & Co have just received another supply of Napoleon and Hincher. Call soon at 317 1-2 Main street. febl 3t

The first great Bankrupt sale of the season has just closed, giving satisfaction to all concerned. The auctioneer for the court is our popular auctioneer, A. S. Levy.

BEST Ash wood, good measure, and cheap, for sale by Bigley, Mellersh & Co., or Geo. W. Baxter, at the river, between Gayoso and Beal streets.

WE advise all who are in want of Carpeting, to call on Hoyster, Trezevant & Co. They are selling their elegant stock of Carpets at fifty per cent. less than the regular dealers.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

NOTICE.—The entire stock of Ragland Brother & Co., No. 318 Main street, will be sold at Eastern cost, for cash, until the 15th of February.
E. E. CLARKE, Assignee.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

WHERE can I go to make money? Our advice is, attend the sales at the Arcade. They sell stock at 10 o'clock and dry goods and furniture at 2 o'clock every day, at great sacrifices. Ja26 1w

Sample Paper, the finest in the city, all sizes, at Geo. Pattison & Co's., 317 1-2 Main street. febl 3t

ANOTHER SHOOTING CASE.

A Well Known Deputy Constable Receives a Flesh Wound.

Mystery! Mystery!

About 11 o'clock on Thursday night, five men went to the residence of Deputy Constable W. L. Porter, who resides near the Fair grounds, and called him to the door, when a shot was fired by one of the party, to which Porter replied in like manner. A demand was then made by the crowd to search the premises, which Porter refused to grant, when another shot was fired and Porter wounded in the left arm. Medical attendance was called in and the wound dressed, but it is feared that inflammation would take place. The assailants were white men, and it is to be hoped that they may be brought to justice.

AMUSEMENTS.

LAST NIGHT OF THE OPERA.—The audience to hear Mozart's *Zauber-Flote* last night, taxed the capacity of the house. Again the German element of our city was largely represented. The "Pamina" of Frederici was only a further demonstration of her splendid musical attainments and capabilities, and the enthusiasm with which she inspires a Memphis audience. Dzuiba, too, as "Papagena," was encored in that exceedingly amusing picture of domestic felicity, and the prospect of a growing family. Signor Lotti sang sweetly as "Pamino," and Weinlich was grand as "Sarastia." The applause followed the fall of the curtain, and the quartette named in this notice came forward to receive the congratulations of the well pleased audience. This evening closes the performances of the Lotti Opera Troupe, and is set apart for the benefit of Marie Frederici. The announcement is enough to fill the house; but when it is to hear Auber's opera of *Fra Diavolo*, so replete with light, brilliant and familiar music, can there be a seat empty? "On Yonder Rock Reclining," "Proudly and Wide," will be superbly sung by Mr. Himmer, and Frederici and Clara Lang will have some most exquisite songs and duetts, in addition to which the libretto is full of incident as an acting drama. Mr. Forrest will appear on Monday evening.

THE VARIETIES.—The attendance at the varieties continues large, nightly. The performance is (with the exception of two performers) very good. The management keeps most excellent order, and use every exertion to please the patrons of the establishment.

FAULT FINDING.—Many of the patrons of our journal have, from time to time, found fault with us. Should we make mistakes at any time, the corrections, when fully authenticated, will be cheerfully published, to hold all parties blameless.

MEATSHOPS AND NEWSPAPERS.—The *Bulletin* amused itself and its readers yesterday, with a running editorial commentary upon a paragraph which appeared in this paper, in which we erroneously stated that Judge Trigg had paid $1500 for two pounds of "head cheese." It was not Judge T., but another gentleman. And now a word or two to the *Bulletin*, which affects to be very merry over the "head cheese" business. We have no "hungry devil" connected with this establishment, (our employees being promptly paid,) to get "a bone from Charley Williams' meatshop," or "in return foist in a sly puff of his head cheese." That probably was the way Mr. Bingham procured his meat from the shops, when *he* was a smaller "devil" than at present, and found "grub" more precarious. The same thing might be said of no nearer relation than a brother of his, but we leave such tender compliments to Bingham, himself, when next he thinks of meatshops.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Editors Appeal: I was not aware that Dr. D. R. Lindsay had ceased to edit the *Bulletin* until I saw the announcement of his connection with the Tuscumbia (Ala.) *Times*, in your paper of yesterday. Certainly there has been no public notice of the fact of his withdrawal given in the *Bulletin*. Although it may be a matter of indifference to you, still it would be gratifying to me to know who is the editor, and to whom the millions of your readers of that paper are indebted for sagacious counsel, or from which it may be prudent to dissent.
Respectfully, E. S. RUTHERFORD.

We cannot gratify our correspondent, being ourselves in the dark, and really never having troubled ourselves to inquire. During the late municipal canvass, it was charged in several communications published in these columns, that Mr. Bingham was the editor, and the articles attributed to him were not denied. It is understood by those who seemed to know something about it, that he has the control of the editorial department at this time.

MECHANICS' MEETING TO-NIGHT.

Operatives to Be Protected.

A BILL TO PROTECT MECHANICS.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee*, That every mechanic, or other person, who shall do or perform any work, or labor upon, or furnish any materials, fixtures, engines, boilers, or machinery for any building, erection or improvement upon land, or for repairing the same, under or by virtue of any contract with the owner or proprietor thereof, or his agent, trustee, contractor, or sub-contractor, upon complying with the provisions of this chapter, shall have for his work, or labor done, or materials, fixtures, engine, boiler, or machinery furnished, a lien upon such building, erection or improvement, and upon the land belonging to such owner or proprietor, on which the same are situated, to the extent of one acre; or, if such building, erection or improvements be upon any lot of land, in any town, city or village, then such lien shall be upon such building, erection or improvements, and the lot or land upon which the same are situated, to secure the payment for such work or labor done, or materials, fixtures, engine, boiler, or machinery furnished as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That the entire land, to the extent aforesaid, upon which any such building, erection or improvement are situated, including, as well, that part of said land which is not covered with any such building, erection or other improvements as that part thereof, which is covered with the same, shall be subject to all liens created by this chapter, to the extent, and only to the extent, of all the right, title and interest owned therein, by the owner or proprietor of such building, erection or improvement, for whose immediate use or benefit the labor was done, or things were furnished.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That the lien for the things aforesaid, or work, shall attach to the building, erection or improvement, for which they were furnished, or the work was done, in preference to any prior lien, or incumbrance, or mortgage upon the land upon which said buildings, erections or improvements, or machinery, have been erected or put; and any person enforcing such lien, may have such buildings, erections, or other improvements, sold under execution, and the purchaser may remove the same after a reasonable time thereafter.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted*, That every building, or other improvement, erected, or materials furnished according to the provisions of this chapter, on leased lots or lands, shall be held for the debt contracted for, or on account of the labor, and also the leasehold term for such lot and land on which the same are erected; and in case the lessee shall have forfeited his lease, the purchaser of the building and leasehold term, or so much thereof as remains unexpired, under the provisions of this chapter, shall be held to be the assignees of such leasehold term; and as such, shall be entitled to pay up to the lessor, all arrears of rent, or other money, interest and costs due under said lease, unless the lessor shall have regained possession of the leasehold land, or obtained judgment for the possession thereof, on account of the non-compliance by the lessee, with the terms of the lease, prior to the commencement of the improvements thereon; in which case, the purchaser of the improvements under this chapter, shall have the right only to remove the improvements within sixty days after he shall have purchased the same, and the owner of the ground shall have received the rent due him, payable out of the proceeds of the sale, according to the term, down to the time of removing the building.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of every original contractor, within six months, and every Journeyman and day laborer, within thirty days, and every other person seeking to obtain the benefit of the provisions of this chapter, within four months after the indebtedness shall have accrued, to file with the clerk of the Circuit or Municipal Court of the proper county, a just and true account of the demand due him or them, after all just credits have been given, which is to be a lien upon such building, or other improvements, and a true description of the property, or so near as the same, upon which the lien is intended to apply, with the name of the owner or contractor, or both, if known to the person filing the lien, which shall, in all cases, be verified by the oath of himself, or some credible person for him.

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the clerk of the Court wherein a lien shall be filed, to indorse upon every account, the date of its filing, and make an abstract thereof, in a book to be kept for that purpose, and properly indorsed and indexed, containing the date of its filing, the name of the person seeking to enforce the lien, the amount claimed, the name of the person against whom proper lien is filed, and a description of the property charged with the same, for all which, the clerk shall receive, as full compensation, the sum of one dollar, from the person filing the account, or seeking to enforce the lien, which shall be taxed and collected, as other costs, in case there should be an action brought thereon.

SEC. 7. *Be it further enacted*, That the lien for work and materials as aforesaid, shall be preferred to all other incumbrances which may be attached to, or upon such buildings, bridges or other improvements, or the ground, or either of them, subsequent to the commencement of such buildings or improvements.

SEC. 8. *Be it further enacted*, That the pleadings, practice, process, and other proceedings, in cases arising under this chapter, shall be the same as in ordinary civil proceedings and actions in said Court, as herein otherwise provided. The petition, among other things, shall allege the facts necessary for securing a lien under this chapter, and a description of the property to be charged therewith.

SEC. 9. *Be it further enacted*, That in all suits under this chapter, the parties to the contract shall notify all persons interested in the matter, in controversy, and in the property charged with the lien, may be made parties; but such parties are not made parties to the suit, shall not be bound by any such proceedings.

SEC. 10. *Be it further enacted*, That in case of the death of any of the parties specified in the immediately preceding section, whether before or after suit brought, the executor or administrator of such deceased party, shall be made plaintiff or defendant, as the case may require; and it shall not be necessary to make the heirs or devisees of such deceased persons, parties to said suit; but if there is no executor or administrator of such deceased person, then his heirs or devisees may be made parties to said suit; and if any of said heirs or devisees be minors, under the age of twenty one years, their guardians shall be made parties with them; but if such minors shall have no guardians, the Court in which the suit is pending, shall appoint guardians "*ad litem*" for them, in the same manner, and under the same rules and regulations as guardians "*ad litem*" are appointed in proceedings of such Court, for partition of real estate, and the judgment and proceedings of such Court, in any such suits, shall be as binding on such minors as if they were over the age of twenty-one years.

SEC. 11. *Be it further enacted*, That the Court shall ascertain, by a fair trial, in the usual way, the amount of the indebtedness for which the lien is prosecuted, and may render judgment therefor, in any amount not exceeding the amount claimed in the demand filed with the lien, together with interests and costs, although the creditor may have unintentionally failed to enter the full amounts of credits, in his account filed, to which the debtor may be entitled.

SEC. 12. *Be it further enacted*, That judgment by default shall be rendered against every defendant, who, after being summoned or notified, according to law, shall not appear and plead or answer within the time allowed by law, in ordinary civil actions.

SEC. 13. *Be it further enacted*, That when the debtor has not been served with summons according to law, and has not appeared, but has been lawfully notified by publication, the judgment, if for plaintiff, shall be, that he recover the amount of the indebtedness found to be due; and costs of suit, to be levied out of the property charged with the lien therefor, which said property shall be properly described in said judgment.

SEC. 14. *Be it further enacted*, That when the debtor has been summoned according to law, and appears to the action without service, the judgment, if for the plaintiff, shall be against such debtor, as in ordinary cases, with the addition, that, if no sufficient property of the debtor can be found to satisfy such judgment, and cost of suit, then the residue thereof be levied, as provided in the next succeeding section.

SEC. 15. *Be it further enacted*, That the execution to be issued, shall be a special "*fieri facias*," and shall be in conformity with the judgment, and such writ shall be returnable as ordinary executions; and the advertisements, sale and conveyance of real estate, or personal, under the same, shall be made as under ordinary executions.

SEC. 16. *Be it further enacted*, That all actions under this chapter shall be commenced within ninety days after filing the lien, and prosecuted without unnecessary delay, to final judgment; and no lien shall continue to exist by virtue of the provisions of this chapter, for more than ninety days after the lien shall be filed, unless within that time, an action shall be instituted thereon, as hereinafter prescribed.

SEC. 17. *Be it further enacted*, That whenever any debt, which is a lien upon any building, or other improvement, shall be paid and satisfied, the creditor, if required, shall acknowledge such satisfaction upon the record, or the margin thereof, in the office of the clerk of the Court where said shall have been entered, for which said clerk shall be allowed a fee of twenty-five cents.

SEC. 18. *Be it further enacted*, That if any creditor refuse to enter satisfaction within ten days after payment, and request, as aforesaid, he shall be liable to any person injured, to the amount of such injury, and costs of suit.

SEC. 19. *Be it further enacted*, That every person, except the original contractor, who may wish to avail himself of the benefits of the provisions of this chapter, shall give ten days' notice, before the filing of the lien, as herein required, to the owner, owners, or agents, or either of them, that he or they hold a claim against such building or improvement, setting forth the amount, and from whom the same is due.

SEC. 20. *Be it further enacted*, That in all cases where a lien shall be filed under the provisions of this chapter, by any person other than a contractor, it shall be the duty of the contractor to defend any action brought thereupon, at his own expense; and, during the pending of such action, the owner may withhold from the contractor, the amount of money for which said lien may be filed; and in case of judgment against the owner, or his property, upon the lien, he shall be entitled to deduct from any amount due by him, to the contractor, the amount of such judgments and costs; and if he shall have settled with the contractor in full, shall be entitled to recover back from the contractor, any amount so paid by the owner, for which the contractor was originally the party liable.

SEC. 21. *Be it further enacted*, That every person, including all *cestiques trusts*, for whose immediate use, enjoyment or benefit, any building, erection or improvement shall be made, shall be included by the words "owner," or "proprietor" thereof, under this chapter, not excepting such as may be minors, over the age of eighteen years, or married women.

SEC. 22. *Be it further enacted*, That the liens for work and labor done, or things furnished, as specified, in this chapter, shall be upon an equal footing, without reference to to the date of filing the account, or lien; and in all cases where a sale shall be ordered, and the property sold, which may be described in any account, or lien, the proceeds arising from such sale, when not sufficient to discharge, in full, all the liens against the same, without reference to the date of filing the account or lien, shall be paid *pro rata*, on the respective liens, *provided*, such account, or lien, shall have been filed, and suit brought, as provided by this chapter.

SEC. 23. *Be it further enacted*, That any contractor, or sub-contractor, who shall purchase materials on credit, and represent, at the time of said purchase, that the same are to be used in a designated building, or other improvement, and shall thereafter use, or cause to be used, the said materials in the construction of any building, or improvement, other than that designated, with intent to defraud the person from whom the materials were so purchased, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by a fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars. All acts, or parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 24. *Be it further enacted*, That any person who shall make, alter, or repair, or bestow labor on any article of personal property, at the request of the owner or legal possessor thereof, shall have a lien on such property, so made, altered or repaired, or upon which labor has been bestowed, for his just and reasonable charges, for the labor he has performed, the materials he has furnished; and such person may hold and retain possession of the same until such just and reasonable charges shall be paid; and if they be not paid within three months after the labor shall have been performed, or the materials furnished, such person having such lien, may proceed to sell the property by him so made, altered, or repaired, or upon which labor has been bestowed, at public auction, by giving public notice of such sale, by advertisement, for three weeks, in the newspaper published in the county; or if there be no such paper in the county, then, by posting up notice of such sale, in three of the most public places in the county, three weeks before the time of sale; and the proceeds of such sale shall be first to the discharge of such lien, and the costs and expenses of keeping and selling such property, and the remainder, if any, shall be paid over to the owner thereof; the provisions of this and the following section, not to interfere with any special agreement of parties.

SEC. 25. *Be it further enacted*, That any person who is a common carrier, and any person who shall, at the request of the owner or lawful possessor of any personal property, carry, convey, or transport the same from one place to another, and any person who shall safely keep or store any personal property at the request of the owner, or lawful possessor thereof, shall have the same lien and the same power of sale, for the satisfaction of his reasonable charges, upon the same conditions and restrictions as provided in the preceding sections.

SEC. 26. *Be it further enacted*, That all acts, or parts of acts, conflicting with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 27. *Be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

The bill has passed a third reading in the House, and is now before the Senate. A meeting of our mechanics will be held to-night at the Casino rooms, on Adams near Second street, at half-past seven o'clock, when such action as may be deemed necessary in the premises will be taken.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.*—The case of Walker vs. Riley, mule case, not concluded on yesterday, will be taken up this morning. It will occupy the attention of the Court during the entire day. The cases specially set for Saturday will be called up on Monday. No calendar will be published before Tuesday.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT.—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—The only case heard on yesterday was No. 96, Brown vs. Neely. It had not closed up to a late hour. To-day being motion day, the Clerk will call the roll of attorneys, commencing at letter A. The criminal docket will be taken up on Monday. The case of Ed Bartlett stands specially set for that day.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—*C. F. Trigg, Judge.*—The following proceedings were had on yesterday:

Williams vs Sutton; witness Wykoff, heretofore attached, was discharged without costs.

J. Levy filed a petition praying to be admitted as a co-defendant in a bankruptcy proceeding. Granted.

Douglas vs Beecher et al, tax title case. Final decree for complainants.

Jones vs Audrew, in reference to the Commercial Hotel. Not as yet disposed of, but will be concluded to day.

The Clerk presents in his report as to the services of jurors for January term, amounting to $640 80.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—The following rule of Court was spread upon the minutes:

Mr. T. T. Crane, of New York, goes to White river this evening on the Liberty on business connected with his house.

The officers of the Celeste report the sunken steamer G. D. Palmer lying in such a condition as will preclude the possibility of raising her, though an effort will be made to do so. She has two feet of water on her main deck and is badly broken. Her cargo of salt, sugar and groceries is a total loss with the exception of 700 sacks of the former, which was saved by the Van Buren.

The Empire came in last night from Cairo, and will leave for Louisville today at 5 p.m. Capt. Everhart is master.

The tow-boat Bosz passed up yesterday, and the Wild Duck down.

The cabin of the Emerald was met at Port Hudson by the Olive Branch. It was making the circle of the big eddy at that place.

The Argonaut did not get away last night as her cotton engagements were not complete. She leaves to-day, positively, at 10 a. m. Capt. Everhart is master and Mr. Hodges is second.

Capt. J. B. Archer will be in port with the great St. Patrick to-day, and will leave again on Monday for Cairo, Evansville and Louisville. J. Lee Finney and E. Dutton, are clerks.

The Sam J. Hale departed for Cincin

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, January 31, 1868.

Currency is very scarce—so much so that cotton movements are retarded, and none of our banks can take all the cotton bills offered, though some discount houses are better off in this respect than others. Rates are firm and unchanged, both buying and selling, while the demand is much below the offerings.

Gold is steady in this market, with a fair shipping margin retained on New York quotations. That market to-day opened at 140¼c, and closed at 140¾c. Brokers bought a few small lots during the day at 138 to 138½c. No counter demand.

City Scrip is quiet, though there is some speculative inquiry. Offerings at the counter are very rare. A few lots were offered between brokers at 48½ to 49c, but the selling rate over the counter

HEADQUARTERS AT 321 MAIN ST.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.

J. A. CAMERON & CO., Agents

for the United States and Territories. Agents wanted in every county in the United States. Circulars granted by Counties or States. Terms liberal.

We are pleased to make reference to the following parties who have put the DASHER to actual test. Their experience and opinions ought to satisfy most incredulous; if however, such testimonials are not sufficient, you will not be convinced or the fact without a trial for yourself. If THEN it does not equal any representation, return the DASHER and get the price paid.

Hon Nume F Hill, Col H T Tomlinson,
W Underwood, Major M J Wicks,
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GRAND SPECIAL SCHEME
—OF THE—
RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS,
TO BE DRAWN ON OR ABOUT
February 15, 1868,
Under the direct auspices of the following well known citizens of Memphis:

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F. Y. BOCKETT.....Financial Secretary.

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.
NUMBER of PRIZES, 25.
CERTIFICATES, $5 EACH.
A Fortune or a Homestead for $5.
CAPITAL PRIZE VALUED AT $20,040 00.

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The Cat-Gut Cushion has already been applied to over 1000 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make, for $75 per set.

Cavanagh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.

Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

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Our Latest Improved
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.
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The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness, does not overpower the middle and upper registers by mingling with them its disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpractised ear and to the most cultivated.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, with four full round corners front and back, heavily carved legs and Lyre serpentine Bass richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep5 dewly

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Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

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All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

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Regular Board, $8 and $9 per Week.
Day Board, $6 50 per Week.
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Notice to Shippers.

HAVING become quite common for samplers to cut off one hand from the bales of cotton to facilitate the sampling of same, and thereby causing us to furnish more than we agree to do; therefore this is to give due notice, that on and after this date we will charge twenty cents for each and every hand thus abstracted and the report of our Sampling Clerk shall be the evidence of same. J. MERRITT, President.
WALDRAN & GILL.
jan29

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IMPORTER AND GROWER OF
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS,
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Seeds, and Floral Guide for 1868,

IS now published and ready to send out. It makes a work of about one hundred large pages, containing full descriptions of the
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Formerly of Meacham Formerly of F. Lee
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MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Plantation Supplies,
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THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, they hope by unremitting attention to business to still merit a continuance of public favor.

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Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices. ja15 1m

CREDITORS

HAVING claims against the estate of James H. Malatesta, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred. Persons indebted to the estate will come forward and pay the same. NICHOLAS MALATESTA,
FRANK VACCARO,
Administrators, 252 Main street.
Ed. Burke Pickett, Attorney.
Ledger copy till forbid. dec10

Notice.

ON the fifth instant the copartnership of S. Hinson and S. A. Smith was dissolved by mutual consent. HINSON & SMITH,
Memphis, January 29, 1868. Dentists.
ja29 3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Day Board, $6 50 per Week.
M. ALLEN, Proprietor.
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THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

FOR 1868.

ALBERT PIKE,
EDITOR.

JNO. AINSLIE,
Cashier and Business Manager.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL, NOW IN ITS Twenty-Ninth Year, is offered to the reading public of Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and Alabama, it is believed, with superior inducements to any that have ever been presented to its numerous and rapidly increasing patrons. The stagnation in financial movements, the almost total cessation of trade, the paralysis in agricultural operations and the anomalous condition of political affairs, instead of counselling to inaction and discouraging enterprise and energy, should arouse our people to redouble their exertions, to extend their enterprise, and to rely with greater confidence and higher resolve upon their own indomitable and unquenchable courage and purpose. If there ever was a time when the people should be

Fully Aroused and Wide Awake,

it is in such an emergency as the present. The temptation is strong to despair, and to surrender to the influence of fear and an almost overwhelming oppression. If we listen to the voice of the Siren and give up to despair, we are lost—irrecoverably lost. It behooves one and all to be up and doing, "with a heart for every fate, still achieving, still pursuing," until the book of our destiny shall be closed. We should hear of no compromise to make with the opposing genius of decay and destruction, which is seeking to drag us down. We should meet the enemy at every stage and wage an aggressive warfare upon him, until we expel him from the land. Poverty comes upon our beloved land and upon our patriotic people "like an armed man." Like "an armed man" we must assail him—with the same will, determination and courage with which he marches upon our homes and hearthstones. In such an emergency,

—The Board of Trade of St. Louis on the evening of the 27th, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Board, the control and direction of the police force of St. Louis should be vested in the control of the Judges of the Courts of Record in the county.

—At the St. Louis Olympic on the night of the 27th, Mr. Whitney, while performing the very difficult feat of recostation, fell a distance of twenty feet, and it was at first feared was very seriously injured. He subsequently appeared before the curtain, to re-assure the audience.

—At St. Louis on the 28th, William S. Young was arrested on a requisition from the Governor of Mississippi, charged with obtaining about three thousand dollars' worth of goods on false pretenses.

—On Saturday, at Chickasaw, Ala., Wm. Wells shot Dick Hays in the breast, wounding him, but not mortally. Randall Brown, colored, while inebriated, walked into the river at the same place, and did not imitate the man who jumped into a briar bush.

—The desperado Sweeny, who shot at his brother, and who killed an unoffending man, Groves, flinging his body in the river, at Cairo, is now confined in the Alexander county jail on a charge of murder. He was, during the late war, a Captain of cavalry in the Union army. He boasts of the great number of "Rebs" he has popped over, and that it was too much trouble to give quarter.

—At a Radical meeting to nominate candidates for county officers at Huntsville, on Saturday last, a negro was nominated for one present, all of whom were appointed on the Nominating Committee, and each put his name on the ticket, taking for themselves all the offices of profit.

—The residence of Frank Adams, living near Woolley Springs, Ala., was consumed, and his son, six years old, was burned to death, a few days ago. In endeavoring to rescue the child the father was badly burned.

—John Hesey, charged with the murder of John Towney, in November last, was arrested in New York on Thursday night.

—James E. Shepard, who murdered his wife in Worcester, Mass; on the 15th of November last, was indicted by the grand jury on the 24th inst.

—It is not generally known that gold exists in remunerative quantities in Nova Scotia. The *Mining Gazette*, published at Halifax, says that the ascertained gold yield of the Province, to the end of September, 1867, amounted to 118,435 ounces, representing, in round numbers, a value of nearly two and a half million dollars.

The Selma *Messenger* ventures on the following prediction, in its issue of the 28th: We predict now, notwithstanding Grant still appears to have a clear field for the Radical nomination, that by the 26th of May, when the Radical Convention assembles in Chicago, he will find himself abandoned by the political gamblers he is now serving, and be in a condition to realize that the dupe is never respected or trusted by those who use him.

—The Selma *Messenger*, whose editor, Col. McKee, was, at the beginning of the war, editor of the Louisville *Courier*, says on the 28th inst.: "We suspect Mr. Guthrie, whose ambition is as grasping as his avarice, has Presidency on the brain again, and thinks his chances for the White House will be benefitted by his absence from the Senate." The absurdity of such an idea is not evidence that it is not entertained; and no one who knows Mr. Guthrie will doubt that he is able to satisfy his own mind of the practicability of his aspirations.

—The true Conservative papers all through Alabama, urge with all their might upon the white people of the State not to vote at the February election. That is the only way for the white people to do, unless they desire negro suffrage.

—The Selma *Messenger* says: Our farmers are sowing and making preparations to sow largely in cats, and this beautiful weather affords them a splendid opportunity.

—A woman who had been the widow Allen, but had married a soldier at Atlanta, becoming tired of her new spouse, "shuffled off this mortal coil" on Monday to become "spouse of the worm."

—The system of education established by the new Alabama State Constitution, it is said, will absorb one-fifth of all the revenue collected from the people besides the poll tax, the proceeds of public lands, of estates of persons without will or heir, fines, and some other miscellaneous sources of revenue.

—In allusion to the scallawag convention in session in Florida, the Tallahassee *Sentinel* of the 23d inst. says: "It must have occurred to many that last Monday morning—dark and cold and dreary—was significantly ominous of the dark deeds meditated by the dark counteranced crowd that came together at noon, on that day. If the very heavens mourn and weep over such a sight, how could earth rejoice?"

—A man calling himself Kerr, was recognized at Alton, Ill., while loafing about the place, as having stolen a horse about two years ago. As there are several persons in that vicinity who have valuable horses to lose, Kerr was sent to jail, and expects shortly a furlough to the penitentiary.

—The Alton (Ill.) *Democrat* of the 22d, in speaking of the failure to lecture of the Radical cynic and *pecuda* humorist, whose *nom de plume*, Petroleum D. Nasby, has been widely ventilated by the Radical press, sarcastically observes: "All classes being considered, our community bore the disappointment occasioned by the non-appearance of 'Petroleum V. Nasby,' on Monday evening last, with commendable philosophy. The news of his illness produced no great excitement, the news that he could not lecture produced still less, and if it were announced that the approach of the distinguished *literateur* might never take place, we doubt whether the heavens would be 'hung with black' in this particular vicinity."

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL.

The poem in question, consisting of twenty verses, was sent to us by some one in this city, we do not know by whom, as original. We had never read Miss Mulock's Poems, and so were caught. "A Man's Wooing" contains twenty-seven verses. The plagiarist took possession of twenty of these, and wrote them over, sometimes changing a line, and sometimes begging a whole verse unaltered. Five are unchanged. Some of the alterations are as follows. The line or verse marked 1, is Miss Mulock's; that numbered 2, the appropriator's:

1. Not one man *resolute* to win
   Or, winning, *firm* to hold
   The woman, *owning* we men—sought
   With steadfast love and bold.
2. Not one man, worthiest to win,
   Or winning, true to hold
   The woman—but all women—sought
   Herself and not her gold.

1. And then you dropped your eyelids white,
   And stood in maiden *bloom*,
   Proud, calm;—unloving and unloved,
   Descending to the *tomb*.
2. And then you dropped your eyelids white,
   And stood a matron brave,
   Proud, cold, unloving and unloved,
   Descending to the grave.

1. No *anger* showed I—nor complaint,
   My heart's beats took no breath—
   Although I knew that I had found
   Her who brings life or death.
2. No teeth showed I, nor complaint:
   My heart's beats took no breath—
   I knew that you alone could make
   My life worth having.

1. Against which seas of mortal fate
2. 'Gainst which the seas of mortal fate

1. 'Tis life speaks plain: in twenty years,
   Perhaps, you may know all.
2. 'Tis love speaks plain: in after years
   You may believe it all.

1. I *seek* you. You alone I *seek*:
2. I love you. You alone I love:

1. But you I *follow* day by day,
   * * * * * *
   My heart's *chaste* mansion lighted, * * *
2. But you enthrall me day by day,
   * * * * * *
   My heart's lone mansion lighted. * * *

1. And Youth's fond dream and Manhood's hope,
   That *still half hopeless* shone;
   This every restless, vain ideal,
   Commingled into one.
2. And youth's fond dream and manhood's goal
   That e'er all restless-bed shone,
   Tho' every restless, vain ideal
   Commingled into one.

1. A love-dream—we all dream in youth—
   But, waking, I found *you*.
2. Another love—we all have loved—
   But—I love you.

1. My *real* manhood.
2. My worthiest manhood.

1. We two together *shall bind* up
   Our past's bright, broken dream.
2. We two together garner up
   Our past's bright, broken dream.

1. We two together *shall* dare look,
2. We two together dare to look.

1. For the *great* love that teaches love,
2. For the mighty love that teaches love.

1. Yet come, ah come! The years run fast
2. Come, ah! come! The years run fast.

We leave the improver of Miss Mulock's poetry to the tender mercies of the lady to whom he addressed his lines.

GENERAL NEWS.

It is valuable to all who take an interest in the discussion of the questions which are arising among the Fraternity. The MASONIC FEATURE is alone worth the price of subscription

Confident of an ability to meet every demand upon them, as a

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25 "	75 00
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JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.,
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OF THE
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Stern, inflexible principle will be its guide in the future, as it has been heretofore. It is emphatically

FOR A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT,

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LEGAL.

Case No. 161.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of H. Beatus & Co., Bankrupts. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of H. Beatus & Co., of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenne ee, the 25th day of January, A.D., 1868.
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan26 lawsw

Case No. 20.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of R. P. Bolling, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, district of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of R. P. Bolling, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 23d day of January, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block. ja25 lawsw

Case No. 21.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Wm. S. Southworth, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. S. Southworth, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the district Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 23d day of January, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block. ja25 lawsw

Case No. 28.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of A. W. Southworth, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of A. W. Southworth, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee the 23d day of January, A. D. 1868.
W. Y. CIRODE Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 lawsw

Case No. 132.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Geo. L. Eastman, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Geo. L. Eastman, of Nashville, in the county of Davidson, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 22d day of January, A. D. 1868.
WM. Y. CIRODE, Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 lawsw

Case No. 3.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Nicholas Malatesta, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Nicholas Malatesta, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of January, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block. ja17 lawsw

Case No. 5.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Alexander Bowers, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alexander Bowers, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of January, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block. ja17 law 3w tri sat mon

Case No. 6.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of S. B. Truchent, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of S. B. Truchent of Germantown, in the County of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 17th day of January, A. D. 18 8. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main Street, Waldran Block. ja18 lawsw

Case No. 7.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Frank Underwood, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Frank Underwood, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis Tennessee, the 20th day of January, A. D. 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc.
m21 lawsw

Case No. 24.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of E. S. Plummer, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of E. S. Plummer, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 18th day of January, A. D. 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
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